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MONDAY, JULY 6, 1953.

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COMMENT OF THE DAY

Communism Exposed

NO matter how high-flutin, honeyed or specious their phrases may be, the Communist leaders can no longer hide from the rest of the world the serious discontent behind the Iron Curtain in Eastern and Central Europe; nor can they deny the comparative failure of the economic and political system which they have imposed on their peoples. The "reforms" which they have promised to East Germans, and Czechoslovaks are now to be extended to Hungarians, and it is noticeable that they follow a similar design. A background to the new measures is the tacit admission that the satellite Communist governments have failed completely to provide the workers with anything approximating to a decent standard of living; that they have allowed the economy of their countries to be thrown out of gear by over-industrialisation, thus preventing the production of essential consumer goods; that their distribution system has been inadequate, and that only the bureaucrats have derived any contentment or satisfaction under the regimes which they assisted in creating.

INSOFAR as Hungary is concerned, the first visible signs of the failure of the Communist-imposed system were given a year ago when the Government found it necessary to "expose some of the facts behind the failure of the second year of the country's five-year plan." It was admitted then that "targets" had by no stretch of the imagination been fulfilled. Machines which were supposedly producing vast quantities of capital goods were in fact standing idle because stocks of raw materials had become exhausted; that factories were turning out half-finished products which had to be rejected; that thousands of working hours were being lost through employees arriving late to work, leaving early, and in other ways deliberately slacking. The picture a year ago in Hungary was almost as sorry as the one today, and which has forced a newly appointed Government to promise far-reaching reforms.

It would be grossly exaggerated to suggest that the Communist economic and social system has completely broken down in countries such as Hungary, Czechoslovakia, Poland, and East Germany, yet the significance of the workers' revolts in these countries must not be underestimated. For one thing they mean a severe blow to the prestige of Communism which, for so many years, has been held up by its adherents and admirers as the only political and economic way of life which can benefit the masses. And these revolts must also have an effect on the cold war which the Communists of Europe have been waging against the West under the guidance and instructions of the Kremlin. If now the satellite governments find it necessary to superimpose on their system of administration some of the principles of the so-called capitalistic countries, which hitherto have earned only the scorn of the Communists, they can hardly expect to convince the workers under their control that the democracies represent only everything that is evil. The masses in Eastern and Central Europe may be relatively ignorant, but they are not stupid, and recent developments have at least exposed to them the limitations of their task masters and the falsity of their doctrines.

TRUCE HINT BY CHINESE

May Agree On Armistice Despite South Koreans

PEKING RADIO PLACES ALL BLAME ON RHEE

Tokyo, July 6. The Chinese Communists have indicated that they may sign a Korean war armistice despite South Korean opposition, giving US assistant Secretary of State Walter Robertson a new talking point in his ninth meeting today with Korean President Syngman Rhee.

Although Mr Robertson was to meet the stubborn South Korean leader again today in Seoul, according to US Embassy sources, little hope was held in the Allied quarters of a change of heart on Mr Rhee's part.

But the indication by the Communists for the first time that they are aware of the United Nations dilemma and might sign an armistice in the face of South Korean opposition raised the hopes of a truce.

The Communists, in a broadcast over Peking Radio, placed all the blame for the deadlocked truce squarely on President Rhee. Formerly, they had accused the United Nations Command of "connivance" in freeing 27,313 Communist North Korean prisoners and blocking a truce.

The US Eighth Army Commander, Lt-Gen. Maxwell Taylor, said shortly after the Communist radio broadcast that he would be able to pull American and other Allied troops out of the front lines and replace them with South Koreans if President Rhee decided to go it alone.

The Communist broadcast made no mention of Gen. Clark's June 29 letter, in which he asked the Communists to sign a truce despite the freeing of the non-Communist prisoners and his inability to guarantee

Railwaymen Claim More Wages

Torquay, July 5. About 600,000 British railway workers have put in a claim for a 15% wage increase.

If granted it would cost about £20,000,000 a year. Mr James S. Campbell, General Secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, biggest of three unions making the claim, held a mass meeting today at Paignton near here. The claim had been submitted on Friday.

It went to the Railway Executive which runs Britain's State-operated railway system, the London Transport Executive, the Docks and Inland Waterways executive and the Hotels executive.

Mr Campbell said the claim was based on the increased living and was intended to bring railway workers to the level of industry generally. A seven-shilling increase granted last year brought railwaymen's average weekly earnings to £5-0/6.

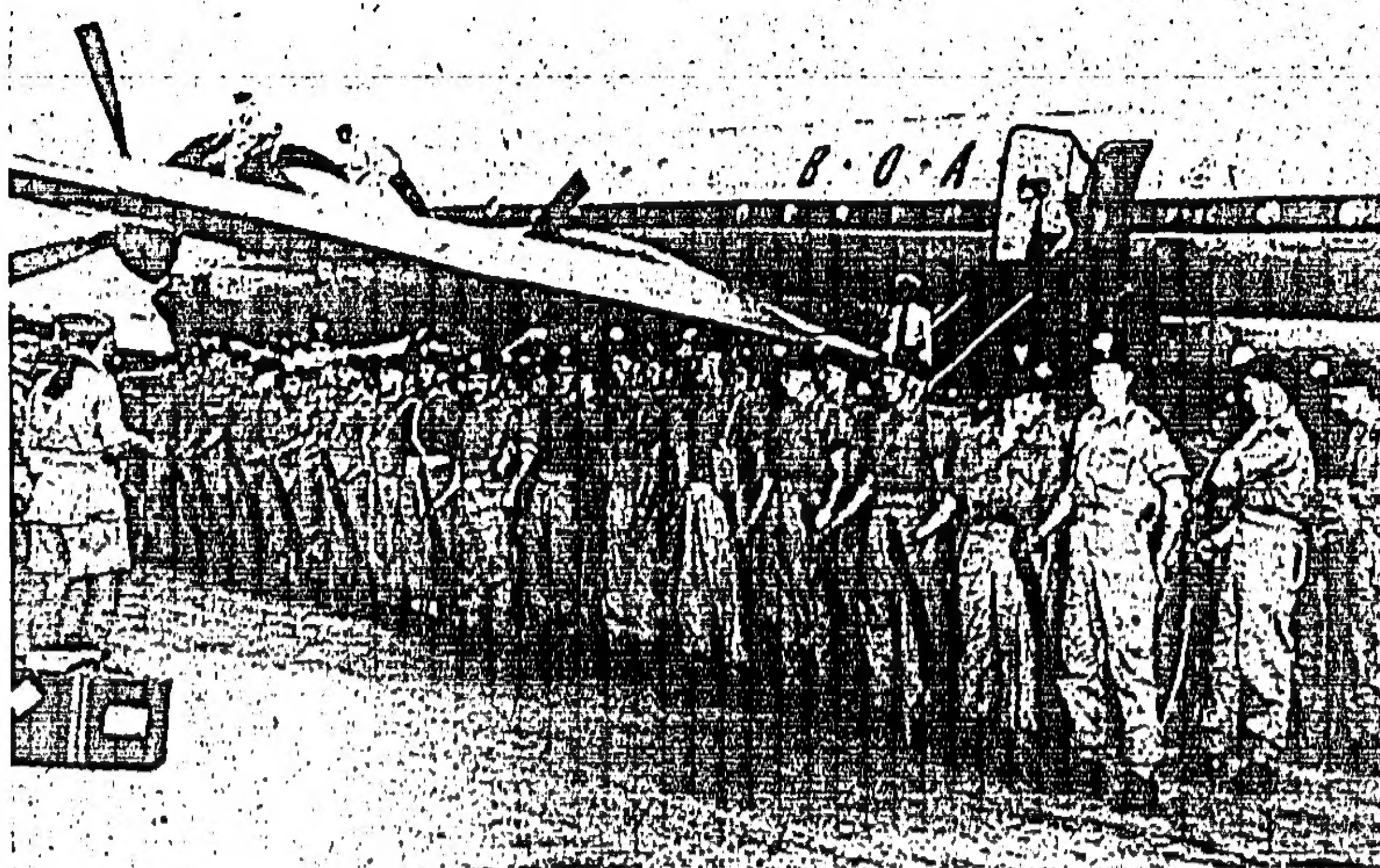
Mr Campbell referred to a "remorseless advance" in the cost of living since then. "Taking the cost of living, the railway workers are 10.1 points down and the average wage of industry is 5 points below the index of retail prices," he said. —Reuter.

Six Killed By Police In W. Bengal Disturbances

Asansol, West Bengal, July 5. Six people were killed and 11 injured when police opened fire on a crowd mostly of striking workers of the India Iron and Steel Company here today.

Twenty police were injured by brickbats. The incident followed a day-long demonstration by striking workers demanding the release of six people taken into preventive custody earlier today. About 3,000 strikers refused to disperse and threw stones and bricks at the police.

British Troops Back In Bermuda



10,000 African Natives Rounded Up And Screened

Nakuru, July 5. Nearly 10,000 Africans were rounded up and screened by more than 1,100 troops, police and Kikuyu home guards, supported by a squadron of armoured cars today in the most intensive sweep of African and Asian locations ever mounted in the Rift Valley.

More than 1,000 of the Africans were taken to a special transit camp on the edge of the town for intensive interrogation by teams of interpreters.

About 300 Kikuyu were said to have confessed to taking the Mau Mau oath under threat of death.

The sweep was deliberately launched today after intelligence reports said Mau Mau terrorists from the Aberdares had been infiltrating into Nakuru—third largest town in Kenya—at weekends and hiding in the locations while they rested and recruited men for the hard pressed terror gangs further east.

A tight cordon was swung around four African locations at dawn this morning by men of the first battalion of the Devonshire Regiment supported by African troops, police, Kikuyu guards and Nakuru's own security force of European volunteers.

Within this cordon thousands of Africans were called by loudspeaker vans to leave their homes, while squads of troops and police combed every square yard of the locations for the "week-end boys" as the terrorists in this area have become known and hidden arms.

In one field near the town, 5,000 African men, women and children were guarded by armed police and Kikuyu home guards.

INTERROGATED

There, in an atmosphere filled with choking white dust blown by the heavy wind from the dried up Nakuru Lake, they were interrogated by teams of European and Kikuyu who checked all documents.

Kenya-born 20-year-old Dibia Williams and three other women members of the Kenya Police Reserve spent the entire day searching African women for arms and subversive literature. Miss Williams, tired and dishevelled, told a Reuter correspondent: "It's been an exhausting job and we've found nothing."

"But at least some of these women have given us valuable information about certain 'bad hats' caught in the roundup." At one end of the field 300 Kikuyu men sat surrounded by interrogators who had obtained confessions of Mau Mau membership from them.

Each Kikuyu in the group interviewed had confessed to taking the oath under sentence of death.

Waiting to be marched to a transit camp for further screening they listened attentively and sometimes clapped and cheered as Kikuyu resistance leaders and headmen ridiculed the Mau Mau and declared that it would soon be smashed.

Kikuyu headman Parmenas Kiritu, 42, former president of an African tribunal, told me they would all be given an opportunity to undergo a

Less than two months after the permanent English garrison was evacuated, a new contingent of British troops arrives in Bermuda. These men form the advanced detail of 250 Welch Fusiliers from Jamaica. The Welch Fusiliers are a crack outfit, some having served under Field Marshal Viscount Montgomery in North Africa and Europe. The troops will occupy the barracks vacated by previous English troops on Prospect Hill near Hamilton. —London Express.

Prodigious Figures National Health Service Success

London, July 5.

In five years of socialised medicine in Britain 1,062,000 prescriptions have been dispensed, 28,000,000 pairs of glasses and 305,000 hearing aids have been handed out and ambulances have travelled 429,000,000 miles.

The National Health Scheme came into operation five years ago today—on July 5, 1948—and the Ministry of Health today issued statistics on its operation in England and Wales.

Doctors have had about 42,000,000 patients on their lists. The Dental Service has supplied 10,500,000 dentures and has given 43,000,000 courses of treatment.

Mr Ian MacCloed, Minister of Health, sent a fifth birthday message to regional and local authorities connected with the scheme.

He said: "Of what has been achieved we can all be proud; for there can be no doubt that the service has already been of the greatest benefit to many millions of people and that building on the sound foundations already laid we can look forward to further success in promoting the health of the nation." —Reuter.

LATEST RAF APPOINTMENT

London, June 5. The appointment of Vice-Marshal Claude Bernard Raymond Pelly as commander-in-chief of the British Middle East Air Force was announced today. The Royal Air Force announced that Her Majesty the Queen had approved the appointment, effective from October.

Marshal Pelly will have the acting rank of Air Marshal. He served in the Middle East during the war from 1940 to 1943. For the past year and a half he has been RAF instructor at the Imperial Defence College and for three years before that was assistant Chief of the Air Staff (Operational Requirements). Marshal Pelly is 50. —United Press.

Polish Press Admits There Is Discontent In The Country

Stockholm, July 5. The Polish press openly admits that there is popular discontent in the country, though sources in touch with Warsaw said here today Berlin press reports of major disturbances were exaggerated.

These sources said there had been a number of clashes between police and malcontents in Gdansk (Danzig), Gdynia, Szczecin (Stettin), Plaski on the Oder and other towns.

The main cause for discontent admitted in Polish newspapers reaching here is the shortage of consumer goods and the high prices of a large number of basic foods.

Three big causes of discontent hinted at in the controlled press and confirmed by sources here are the belief that Russia is making Poland send food to China and North Korea, the unpopularity of Russian infiltration into the armed services, the police and key factory posts, and the fear that Russia may one day buy German favour by offering to return territories annexed by Poland after the war.

Holiday makers must leave the beaches at sunset and a 9 p.m. curfew is in force along the German border.

Sources here said the Polish Government was ready to meet the situation with a number of "liberal" measures but that Russia ordered otherwise. They added that speakers at Communist committee meetings had stressed the collectivisation of land, the socialisation of industry and the struggle against "reactionary forces" in the Catholic Church must go on.

Warsaw Radio Makes Denial

London, July 5.

Warsaw Radio tonight denounced as "absurdities" and "lies" reports of disorders and a state of siege in Polish towns.

It said the reports were invented by "Neo-Nazi" newspapers in the West. The denial was contained in a statement by PAP, the official Polish news agency broadcast by the Polish Radio.

According to the statement, "Neo-Nazi" newspapers of West Berlin, specialising in the invention of false news about Poland, recently issued a provoking message of a state of emergency in Poland and the proclamation of a state of siege in Warsaw and in other Polish cities.

The statement said "such reports ridicule not only their authors but also their readers and the foundation in fact"—Reuter.

Stockholm sources said that discontent may flame into open revolt if the citizens come to believe that revolt will bring easier living. The Hungarian shake-up and the more liberal policy in East Germany are likely to encourage the Poles contemplating open action against the Government. —Reuter.

21 YEARS SUCCESS STORY

- 1932 WIN BLAZE SHIP IN LONDON-INDIA RACE
- 1933 WIN TRIMPHS IN CAPE TOWN RALLY
- 1934 RACE PERFECT OVERLAND TOUR—LONDON TO CAPE
- 1935 PREMIER AWARD CAPE TOWN—PORT ELIZABETH RELIABILITY TRIAL
- 1936 CAPE TOWN TO JOHANNESBURG LIGHT CAR ROAD RECORD
- 1937 HIGHEST-PLACED BRITISH CAR IN NORTH CAROL RALLY
- 1938 ENGLAND TO CAPE TOWN—12,800 MILES—FREE WHEELS
- 1939 MOST COMFORTABLE CLOSED CAR IN CLASS—NORTH CAROL RALLY
- 1947 A FIRST IN ULSTER A.C. INTERNATIONAL RELIABILITY TRIAL
- 1951 LONDON TO CAPE TOWN IN RECORD TIME
- 1953 WIN ITS CLASS NORTH CAROL RALLY CONTEST

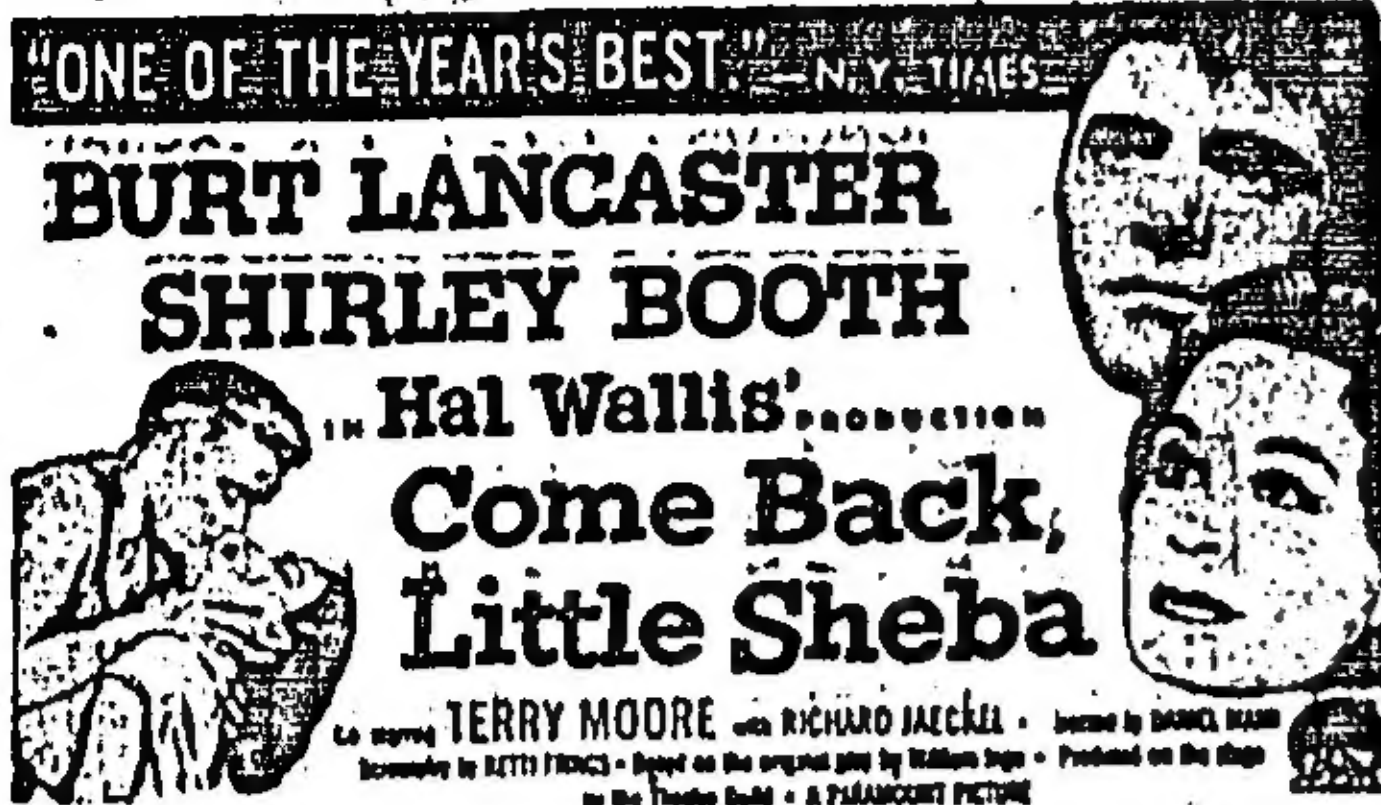


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A Chinese Picture in Mandarin Dialogue

"MISS MILLIONAIRE"

Starring: CHOW MAN WAH, WONG HO

Father Meets Daughter



President Auriol of France shook hands with some of France's leading test pilots when he formally opened the new French experimental flying establishment at Breteuil, near Paris. Among the pilots was his own daughter, Jacqueline, who is an accomplished flyer. Here is father meeting daughter during the ceremony.—Central Press Photo.

Congress Rebels Against U.S. Sacrifices

Washington, July 6. The debates last week on foreign aid and defense spending reflect a major recession by Congress from its earlier position in the global struggle against Communism.

By cutting more than \$9,000 million from ex-President Truman's final defense and foreign aid budgets and \$1,400 million from President Eisenhower's own requests for 1953-54, Congress has demonstrated its irritation and resentment against financial sacrifice and has renewed the emphasis on its main goals for the coming year—economy and a balanced budget.

It has in fact rebelled against the sacrifices formerly believed necessary to maintain the global

SITUATION IN BOLIVIA RETURNING TO NORMAL

La Paz, July 5. Press despatches published today said that the situation had returned to normal at Cochabamba where an uprising had broken out among Indian tribes.

Most of the Indians were reported to have returned to their camps. Other groups of armed Indians, however, were said to be advancing on the municipality of Toipa where the inhabitants have declared their intention to defend themselves.

The presence at Cochabamba of the Ministers of the Interior and Agriculture appeared to have helped calm the population.

A Government spokesman said opposition elements, including Trotskyites, had incited the Indians to commit acts of looting and pillaging.—France-Press.

3 Children Sleep, While Police Hunt

London, July 5. Two brothers and their six-year-old sister slept soundly in a room at their school, as police dogs searched streets and a park for them.

After patrol officers had called off the dogs until daylight, the children trooped home quietly. That was at 1.30 a.m., ten hours after they first went out to play.

All afternoon and evening, eight-year-old Eric Bagley, five-year-old Jimmy, and their sister, Brenda, played in Jubilee Park, 200 yards from their home in St. Edmund's Road, Edmonton. Then they went to play at Gillard Primary School.

They found a fox in progress from a clockroom they watched a table tennis match, a pianist, and a sing-song. Then they dropped off to sleep.

They awoke to find themselves locked in—so they climbed out of a window and walked home.

Dominion Status Objective Of The Gold Coast

LONDON, July 6. In 1951 the Gold Coast received a new constitution. The legislature, based on universal suffrage, became almost wholly African. In the Executive Council, African Ministers, with three ex-officio British Ministers, decided policy. Power, in fact, passed into African hands.

"Woe, woe" cried some, wondering if the gamble would come off. Others, more politely, spoke of the "new experiment." But, call it what you will, it succeeded.

And this thanks to two men—the Governor, Sir Charles Arden Clarke, who for two years walked a political tight-rope, and Kwame Nkrumah, released from prison when his party swept the polls to become Chief Minister. Either could have brought the constitution down in ruins. Together, to their credit, they made it work.

Now the Gold Coast has published plans for a further advance. In these it does not seek immediate self-government but wants Britain to recognise its ultimate ambitions and be prepared to introduce an act of independence into Parliament. In a transitional period the Gold Coast hopes to travel forward to Dominion status.

Under the plan, the three British Ministers would be replaced by Africans—a step always regarded as inevitable—but there would be an expert attached to the Minister of Finance and an economic adviser to the Govern-

UNEASY FEELING IN ROME No Settlement Of Crisis In Sight

Rome, July 5. A feeling of uneasiness crept into the minds of political observers today as Italy's first serious Cabinet crisis—in six years—appeared still far from solved after six days of efforts.

The caretaker Premier, Alcide De Gasperi, whose Christian Democratic Party suffered a marked setback in the June 7-8 Parliamentary elections, is due to tell President Einaudi on Tuesday whether he feels able to form a new government.

The Christian Democrats, while still Italy's biggest single party, lost absolute control of Parliament in the elections.

They have only 265 seats in the 500-seat Chamber and would need the support of three smaller Centre Parties to eke out a narrow majority in crucial votes.

But Giuseppe Saragat's Right Wing Socialists, who were De Gasperi's allies in the elections and last heavily, suddenly turned away from the Premier's coalition and announced they would not support De Gasperi unless he swung his policies to the Left.

Premier De Gasperi conferred with Signor Saragat yesterday and both men said after the meeting that some of their differences had been ironed out. But full agreement still appeared far from being reached.—United Press.

OFFICER 'DEAD' FOR 35 YEARS

A senior officer of the Manchester Regiment who is still alive is listed as dead in the memorial books in the regimental chapel and in an official casualty list in the regimental history. The mistake has taken 35 years to be discovered.

He is G.W. Williamson, who lives in Belfast and works as an engineer with Short Bros and Harland, Ltd. His brother, K.A. Williamson, who relieved him as a company commander, was ultimately killed while serving with the Royal Flying Corps.

British Jet Impresses

LONDON, July 6. A new British jet fighter which set up a new London-Paris speed record today roared back to London tonight only slightly slower than on its earlier flight.

The still secret Vickers Supermarine Swift F-4 made tonight's crossing at 664.3 m.p.h.

This morning it crossed to France at an average speed of 669 m.p.h.

The plane's time for the return to London airport from Le Bourget, was 19 minutes 28.8 seconds.

There is no record for the Paris—London flight.—Réuter.

Red China Should Be Admitted French Socialists' Resolution

Paris, July 5.

The Socialist Party congress today passed a foreign policy resolution advocating Peking's admission to the United Nations consultations with Communist China for the settlement of Asian problems.

The resolution, which was passed on the last day of the 45th congress by 1,979 votes to 1,187, with 228 abstentions, said also that bloodshed in Indo-China and Korea should be stopped and that Peking should be included automatically in Asian talks after a Korean armistice.

The resolution recommended all members of parliament to abstain from voting military credits for Indo-China as long as the Government had not entered into negotiations for peace there.

The resolution called for resumption of negotiations in Tunisia and Morocco and continued the policy of "repression" in these countries.

The Socialist resolution considered that general simultaneous and controlled disarmament was the only way of obtaining conditions for organized peace. France should initiate negotiations for four or five-Power talks to discuss the international situation as a whole, or individual treaties. The integration of Germany, united or not, with a democratic Europe was, however, considered as an essential condition—before such negotiation could stand a chance of success.

The party resolution approved in principle of a united European army open to all democratic nations.

Another motion adopted unanimously by the Congress hailed the "magnificent" spirit of East German workers and strongly shouted down the "atrocious repression" by the "so-called popular police" and the Soviet army.

The congress called on all workers still suffering at the hands of "Stalinist leaders" to think seriously of the meaning of the events in Czechoslovakia and East Germany and back the action of socialist democracy.—France-Press.

"Miss Universe" Competitors

New York, July 5. Five of the most beautiful women in the world arrived in New York by air today from London on their way to California to compete for the title "Miss Universe."

The five girls represent Denmark, Sweden, Finland, Turkey and South Africa. They will stay in New York until Wednesday when they will leave for Long Beach, California, where the contest will be held from July 9 to 19. Thirty girls will seek the title.—Réuter.

CAPITOL LIBERTY

TO-DAY At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.



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"The Girl Who Had Everything"

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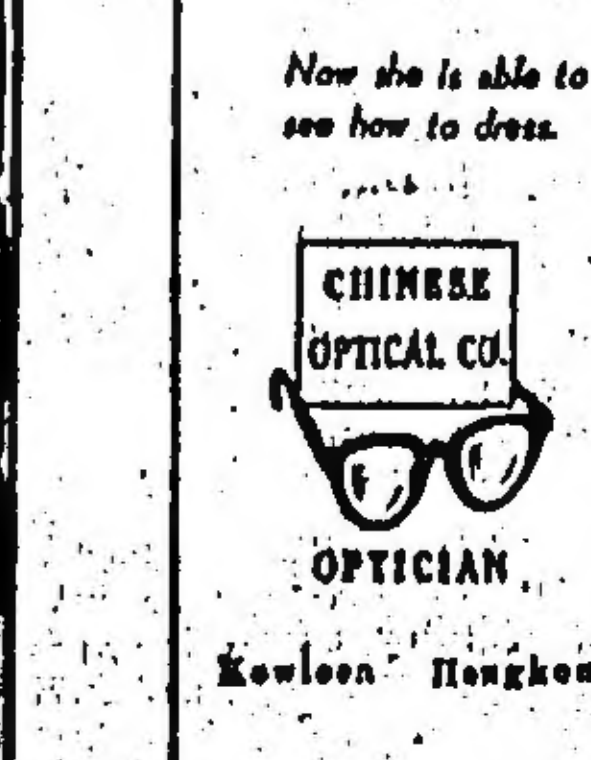
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"The Girl Who Had Everything"

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POP



FOOD SHORTAGES BLAMED

Singapore Cabaret Girls Disappoint

Singapore, July 5. A. Taha of Ceylon thinks Singapore is over-rated when it comes to pretty girls to perform in cabarets.

He came here all the way from Colombo "because I had heard a lot about the glittering night life here. Singapore has the reputation in India and Ceylon of being the eastern capital of terribly exciting entertainment."

Continuing, Taha said: "I must say I am rather disappointed. The female form here is beautiful and abundant all right. But your show-girls lack that certain something which all first class cabarets must have."

"In short they are rather lifeless. I am afraid they would not attract the Ceylonese college boy enough to make it worthwhile to bring them over to Colombo."

Taha said the Colony strip tease shows bore him stiff.

TRYING BANGKOK

He is putting away a fat contract which he had hoped to sign with a Chinese or Malay burlesque troupe. Now he will fly to Bangkok on Tuesday to look over the dancing girls in Thailand.

Taha has been in Singapore for a week going the rounds of the night clubs and cabarets. He has been trying to find seven or eight beautiful but brave show-girls who would not mind allowing a lot of themselves to be seen.

He wants them to help him up a carnival which he is organizing in Colombo to raise funds for a Ceylonese college.

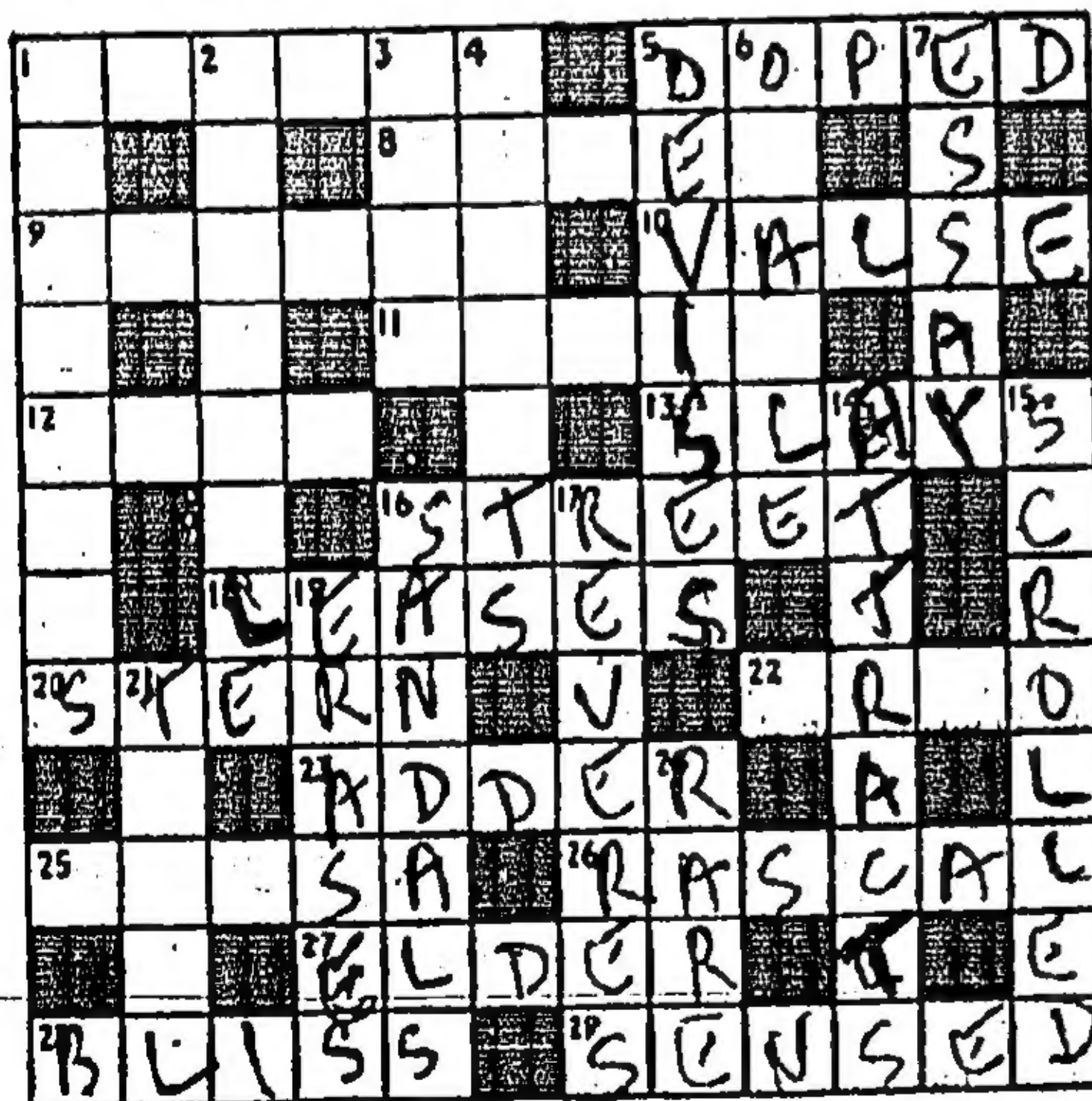
Taha is really looking for a "daring strip-tease show, a line-up of long-legged chorus girls and perhaps a magician's act, with a very lightly clad girl holding the tambourine, that are pulled out of the hat."—United Press.

Congress Party Approves

New Delhi, July 5. The executive body of the Congress Party today adopted a resolution welcoming the improvement in relations between India and Pakistan.

It noted it was now the desire of both governments that there should be an early solution of problems still lying in the way of improved relations. It expressed the hope that steps would be taken by both governments to find a satisfactory solution to outstanding problems.—France-Press.

A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS**
- Kind of grass (8).
 - Drugged (5).
 - Wanderer (5).
 - Gloomily angry (6).
 - Dance (5).
 - Caper (6).
 - Creedy (4).
 - Slaughter (5).
 - Thoroughfare (6).
 - Letting contracts (6).
 - Severe (5).
 - Tune (4).
 - Snake (5).
 - Famous conductor (5).
 - Rogue (6).
 - Church official (6).
 - Eclat (5).
 - Felt (6).

- DOWN**
- Corridors (8).
 - Manifold (8).
 - Extent (4).
 - Poems (7).
 - Contrivances (7).
 - Emphatic utterance (6).
 - Attempt (6).
 - Lure (6).
 - Wrote badly (8).
 - Footwear (7).
 - Venerates (7).
 - Rubs out (6).
 - Fish (6).
 - Uncommon (4).

SATURDAY'S CROSSWORD—Across: 1 Mishap, 8 Risk, 10 Gale, 19 Valour, 11 Lorry, 12 Drossy, 14 Mean, 16 Names, 18 Alarm, 19 Eggs, 20 Loomed, 24 Agile, 25 Pierce, 26 Pier, 27 Tills, 28 Despot, Down: 1 Move, 2 Solid, 3 Agree, 4 Parson, 5 Rejoice, 6 Screams, 7 Slynce, 10 Order, 13 Cellars, 14 Martials, 16 Amulets, 17 Agree, 18 Eloped, 21 Mile, 22 Drop, 23 Bent.

FOR RIOTING IN EASTERN EUROPE

Common Theme Of Stories From Behind Iron Curtain

London, July 5. Food difficulties in countries normally rich in wheat and cattle provided a common theme of reports of changes and unrest in Communist Eastern Europe which poured in during the week-end.

Many of the reports were not confirmed from the satellite countries themselves, but the salient facts of the drastic shake-up in Hungary were known from Hungarian sources.

Here are the week-end developments:

Diplomatic Exchanges In Taipei

Taipei, July 5. Nationalist Foreign Minister George Yeh and Philippine Minister Manuel Adeva on Saturday exchanged polite and highly polished diplomatic remarks on the importance of Chinese nationals living in the Philippines.

Proposing a toast to President Quirino, Mr Yeh told the large gathering celebrating the seventh independence anniversary of the Philippines:

"Today the more than 100,000 Chinese living in the Philippines are happily celebrating a great occasion."

Mr Adeva, toasting Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, replied: "That the more than 100,000 Chinese nationals in the Philippines are celebrating this occasion is but one of the evidences of growing Philippine prosperity and friendship with other countries."

Nationalist China and the Philippines recently quarrelled over the detention in Manila of 152 Chinese nationals suspected of being subversive elements.—United Press.

Rally-Round By Neighbours

Neighbours of Mrs H. Thornley went from house to house on Oakwood Estate, Royton, L.N., cashing in to raise £50 to add to her life savings.

Mrs Thornley wants the money to bring home the body of her soldier son Harry, aged 19, who was killed on exercises in Germany.

The War Office has told her that it will cost £100.

Hungary—The veteran Communist Prime Minister, Mr Matyas Rakosi, was swept away in a Government reorganisation which went hand-in-hand with a promise to give priority to food production instead of heavy industry.

The new programme was announced in a speech by Mr Rakosi's successor as Prime Minister, Mr Imre Nagy. With Mr Rakosi, the Foreign, Defence and Agriculture Ministers also went out. On the other hand, Mr Ernő Gero keeps the crucial post of Interior Minister.

General Istvan Bata, Russian-trained Chief of Staff, succeeds General Moholy Farkas as Defence Minister. Mr Erik Molnar yields the Foreign Ministry to Mr János Baidocky hitherto Ambassador in Prague. Mr Andras Hegedus takes over the Ministry of Agriculture from Mr Josef Tisza.

Poland—Stockholm sources in touch with Warsaw said anti-Government demonstrators had clashed with police in a series of places and that the Government had tightened security measures. But these sources said though the situation was explosive, they believed Berlin press reports of large-scale disturbances in Silesia were exaggerated.

An Allied source in Berlin said there was little to back the press reports which had claimed that Russian tanks were rolling eastwards from Berlin to crush Polish riots.

MORE BREAD

Rumania—The official news agency reported a Government decision to increase the supply of bread, vegetables, sugar and edible oil. After July 11 a white flour ration will be distributed and the Government will release cereals from stock to provide more bread.

Czechoslovakia—The official paper Rudé Právo admitted that Russia was short despite the recent currency reform which was supposed to be accompanied by improved supply. The report said workers often had to go to work without bread in the mining area.

Meanwhile East German authorities today opened further crossing points between East and West Berlin and East German sources said that the Government was considering restoring normal traffic between the two halves of the city.

The East Berlin radio, quoting the Government Press Office, said workers had asked for normal traffic between East and West Berlin to be restored. They said it was a hardship for them that none of the public transport vehicles crossed the inter-sector boundary though full traffic had been restored within either part of Berlin.

BISHOP ADMITTED

Earlier today East Berlin police opened five more sector crossing points in addition to the three opened previously.

Visitors to either part of Berlin must, however, still have one-day passes issued by the East Berlin police.

Bishop Otto Dibelius, head of the All-German Evangelical Church, travelled today to Arthenow in East Germany to take part in the consecration ceremony of a church bell.

Church spokesmen said he obtained a travel permit from the East German authorities without any trouble.

Dr Ernst Heilmann, the East German chief public prosecutor, said today that 7,753 prisoners had been released by July 1 under the Government's three-week-old amnesty and further cases were under review.

The amnesty applied to those sentenced to between one and three years' imprisonment.

PRIEST RELEASED

Catholic Church spokesmen said a Catholic priest, Father Franz Busch of Velden, near Berlin, was among those released.

He had been sentenced to five years' imprisonment last April for anti-State activities.

Herr Otto Nuschke, Chairman of the East German Christian Democratic Party and one of the Vice-Premiers, said today that

the June 17 anti-Communist riots in East Germany had opened the door to four-power talks on German unity.

In an article in Neue Zeit, his party's newspaper, he said: "The bitter events of June 17 were the consequence of considerable discontent in many sections of the working class in Berlin and the industrial areas of East Germany."

REUTERS' CLAIM He said "Western provocateurs" had turned the "justified peaceful strike and demonstrations" into riots which could easily have set off a third world war.

The danger of war had been averted by the Soviet tanks and troops which had been called in to quell the riots.

Dr Ernst Reuter, Mayor of West Berlin, said in a radio talk tonight the riots had proved that 90 per cent of the East German population were "on our side."

Answering suggestions that "West Berlin should march on East Germany" he said: "If we Germans were left to ourselves we would not need to march at all. The matter could be settled without that."

But Germans could march against Soviet tanks, he added.—Reuter.

"WILL ALWAYS RISE" Manchester, July 5. Mr Tom O'Brien, Chairman of Britain's Trades Union Congress, told a Labour Party meeting today that the rising of East Berlin workers last month was "a great pointer for world peace."

Mr O'Brien, who is also a Labour Member of Parliament, added: "I think the action of those organised workers has done more to bring about world peace than any event since the rising of the Russian people against the Czars in 1917."

"For the first time, spontaneously, workers rose and rebelled against what they rightly believed to be tyranny in the same way as the miners, railwaymen and engineers of Britain rose in riots in 1911 and 1912 against Conservative Party tyranny."

"Workers anywhere in the world will always rise against tyranny."—Reuter.

Wants To Cut Down Surpluses

Washington, July 5. The Secretary of Agriculture, Mr Ezra T. Benson, has called for Federal marketing quotas on the 1954 wheat crop to cut down surpluses. He said it was drought in the southwest would change the decision.

Mr Benson did not announce a specific acreage cut. The House has passed a bill to set the minimum national quota at 60,000,000 acres. The Senate is expected to revise the figure to 62,000,000 acres.

Under the present law, Mr Benson could cut the acreage to 50,000,000 acres.

This is the first time in 10 years that the Government has been forced to ask for controls on the wheat output.

Under the current law, Mr Benson would have to call a referendum by July 24 to have the farmers vote on whether to support the House-passed bill.

But a House-passed bill would postpone the date until August 15. A similar move is expected in the Senate.

Unless two-thirds of the farmers voting favour quotas, the Federal cabinet cannot go into operation and prices expected on wheat would drop to 30 per cent of parity.

If two-thirds approve, then all must abide by the restrictions and pay fines on excess production.

Mr Benson said there will be some advantage in postponing the vote because by then the July crop report will give later figures on the winter wheat harvest and the prospective spring wheat crops.—United Press.

FRENCH PREMIER



France's new Premier, M. Joseph Laniel, 63-year-old right-wing Independent deputy for the Calvados. M. Laniel was the eighth choice of President Auriol as Premier since the latest French political crisis began on May 21.—Central Press Photo.

INCREASING ROLE OF 'COPTERS IN MALAYA

Singapore, July 5. Helicopters are playing an increasingly big part in the war against the Malayan Communist terrorists by helping to convey security forces to remote jungle hide-outs.

A spokesman of the Royal Air Force said all helicopters at present in Malaya have successfully completed their trials and are fully operational.

Three types of helicopters are being used.

The biggest—the American Sikorsky 55—are piloted by men of the Royal Naval Air Service while R.A.F. pilots fly the smaller S-31.

Only one British Sycamore helicopter is being used but more are expected to arrive this year.

The spokesman said helicopters are now an integral part of the security forces, helping to carry thousands of troops on operations and to evacuate casualties.

He said, however, that helicopters lifted slightly less loads here but this was so with other types of aircraft also.—United Press.

Britons' Visit To Moscow

London, July 5. A delegation of the British Amalgamated Society of Workers arrived in Moscow today at the invitation of the Central Committee of the Union of Workers of the Paper and Timber Industry, Tass, the official Soviet news agency, reported.

The agency said the delegates, led by Mr George Brinham, a member of the executive committee, were met at the airport by M. Alexei Sholomov, chief of the Central Committee of the Union of Workers of the Paper and Timber Industry, and other union officials.—Reuter.

The King went to Thailand on June 14 to conduct a campaign in support of his demand and after a short period of voluntary exile he returned to Cambodia.

San Sary said that the French note proposed taking existing agreements, based on "vague notions" of safeguarding common interests, as a basis for negotiations, whereas Cambodia wished to start from the principle of complete independence.

He said the French note rejected a liberal and disinterested attitude.

Unhappily, reports that French reinforcements were being sent to Cambodia tended to throw some doubt on France's good intentions.

His statement, linked for "effective and immediate action" with the ideals of nationalism.—Reuter.

The Cambodian Secretary of State, Sam Sary, said today the French note offering a greater measure of independence to Indo-China would have had greater effect if it had been issued before the recent events in Cambodia.

He was referring to the demand of King Norodom Sihanouk of Cambodia for complete independence.

In place of "renewed promises". According to a French Press Agency report from Phnom Penh the Cambodian Prime Minister, Penn Nouth, said:

"We wish to stay in the French Union but with a status at least equal to that of India within the Commonwealth."

The French agency reported that Sihanouk, the Queen and the Prime Minister, and his Government were studying the French note.

M. Paul Reynaud, the French Vice-Premier, said at Dunkirk that the French note was "a bold act" and declared other acts would follow.

He said:

"We cannot fight against Communism if we are in conflict with the ideals of nationalism."—Reuter.

General Mark Clark's Reply To Red Commanders Criticised By North Korea

London, July 5. The official North Korean news agency today criticised General Mark Clark, the United Nations Supreme Commander, for "not pledging his side to a strict observance of the armistice agreement", according to a report by Tass, the official Soviet news agency.

It was commenting on General Clark's latest letter to Marshal Kim Il Sung, commander of the Korean People's Army, and General Peng Teh-huai, commander of the Chinese Communist "volunteers" in Korea.

The North Korean news agency said General Clark's reply "cannot be regarded but as a fresh attempt to avoid the responsibility which lies on the United States as the supporters and accomplices of Syngman Rhee's provocations."

"Clark has given no undertakings regarding a possible recurrence of such provocations and has not pledged his side to a strict observance of the armistice agreement," the agency added.

"True, Clark declared he would make every effort to ensure that United States troops and the governments concerned secure the co-operation of the Syngman Rhee Government and that in the last resort the United States troops would undertake military action with a view to enforcing the Armistice terms."

"But it is obvious that one practical move would be more to assist the equitable solution of the problem than 100 such declarations."

It said the United States admitted about President Syngman Rhee's "plan to undermine the Armistice."

It added they knew the plan included "attacks on the demilitarised zone, refusal to withdraw Korean troops from that area, opposition to the handing over of prisoners to the neutral commission and the threat to attack Indian troops who would be sent in accordance with the terms of the armistice."—Reuter.

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Friction Over Malta Status Intensifies

Valetta, July 5. The Maltese Government today sent the British Government asking that Maltese affairs be transferred from the Colonial Office to the Commonwealth Relations Office, which deals with Dominion affairs.

HOVERPLANE POLICE TRAP CAR 'BANDITS'

Something new in fight
against crime

JAMES STUART

A BIG step has just been taken towards the introduction of "hover-police." In an exercise staged by the Police College, Coventry, and the Warwickshire and Northamptonshire forces, a hoverplane was used to track down a "stolen" car and to transmit radio messages to police cars hunting for the "bandits."

Where the "bandits" might have shaken off pursuing cars, they were never out of sight of the police in the hoverplane once they had quickly picked up the trail.

For the exercise, which was followed in the lecture hall of the Police College by students

and high ranking police officers, it was assumed that an estate car had been stolen from the car park at the Silverstone car race track.

The "thieves" then committed an "armed robbery" at a sub-post office and made off in the direction of Banbury. After the car had passed Banbury the hoverplane was brought in. The air observers were then unaware of the car's likely route.

But the searchers in the air soon picked up the car as it turned at a cross-roads. Wireless messages were flashed to police headquarters and police cars were sent out.

The "stolen" car twisted and turned through Warwickshire lanes, but the hoverplane was always there. In 14 minutes from first sighting the car the "bandits" were trapped between two converging police cars.

The "police" who played the part of the "thieves" said the psychological effect of being chased by a hoverplane was "enormous." Men really on the run would be bound to panic.

Captain Peter Wilson, Bristol Aeroplane Company test pilot, who flew the Sycamore hoverplane, said that keeping the car under observation was simple.

The car's number could be picked up at 150 feet in good weather, and in bad light a hoverplane could descend almost to road level to check the number plate.

Brigadier P. D. W. Dunn, Commandant of the Police College, said the hoverplane had put up an impressive performance. The men in it had no previous idea where the car would go.

Four, And He Stows Away

Four-year-old Gerard Quinn must be about the world's youngest air stowaway—all for the love of a lady.

It was like this: His girl friend, three-year-old Patricia Thompson, who lived next door, left by air recently for Johannesburg. Gerard joined.

Then he announced at home: "I'm going to fly to Johannesburg today," jumped on his tricycle and pedalled off.

They thought he was going to nursery school. Instead, he pedalled the mile to the airport, parked his tricycle in a car park.

On the tarmac a Johannesburg-bound Skymaster was filling up with passengers. Gerard waited till they were all aboard, sauntered out, took a seat in the plane, ordered a cold drink from the steward and settled down for the 450-mile flight to Johannesburg.

The plane door was shut. Then the air hostess took a count. One over. Who? And that ended Gerard's jaunt.

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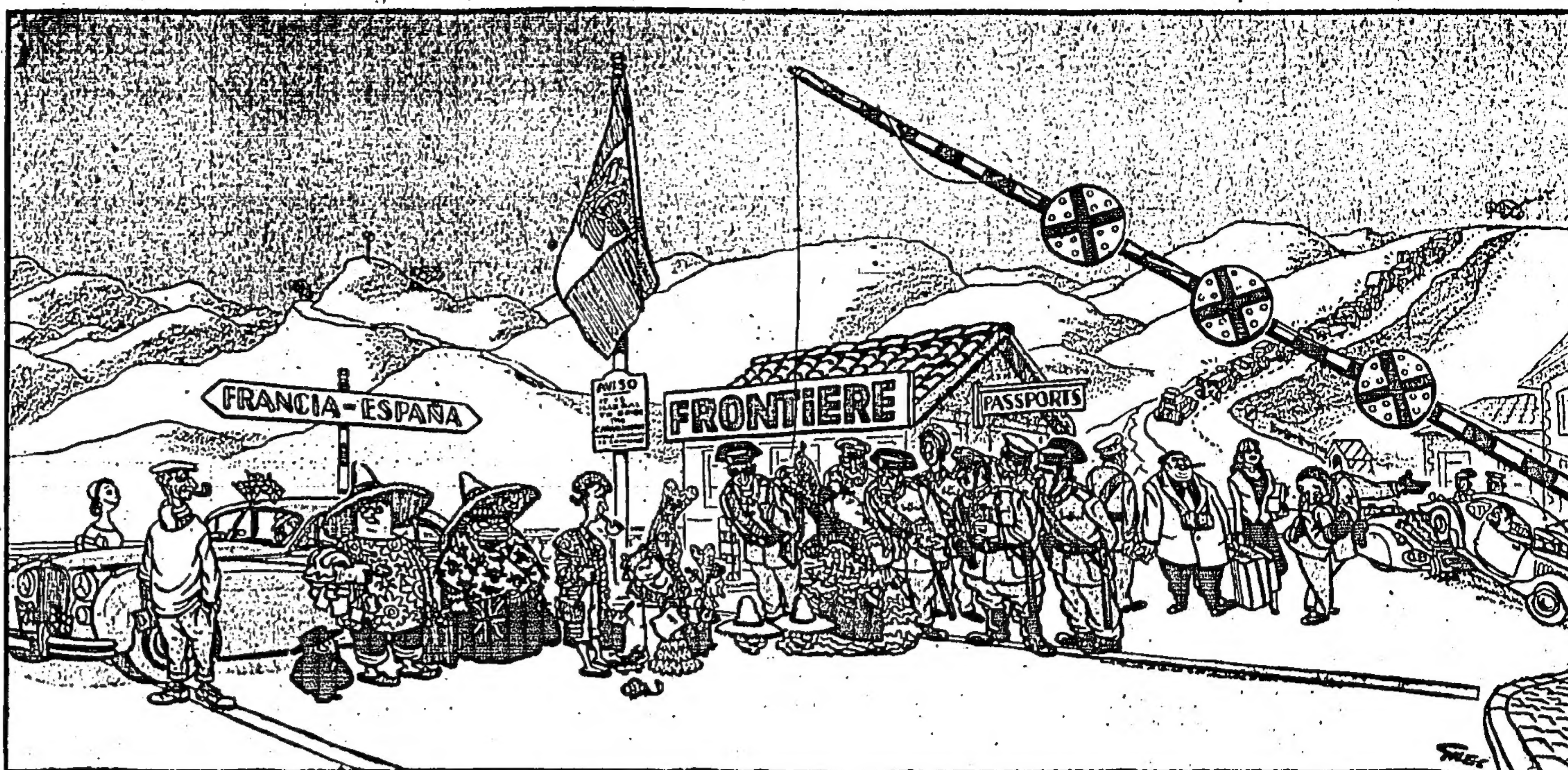
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"My wife's got a theory that it doesn't pay to let 'em know you're English."

London Express Service

AMERICA COLUMN
from
NEWELL ROGERS

Cleveland Ignores Prophet

SAD are the members of
Prophet James F.
Jones's Church of the
Universal Triumph.

Jones is the chief rival to Father Divine as leader of Negro religious cults.

The prophet's stronghold is in Detroit, the car-manufacturing city. He runs a Thankful Centre there.

Thank-offerings from happy followers include a 17,000-dollar diamond bracelet, 400 suits, a 3,000-dollar limousine, a 12,000-dollar white mink coat.

So he decided to try Cleveland, Ohio. The 10,000 seats in the Cleveland arena sold at one dollar 50 cents a seat.

But when Prophet Jones walked out on to the stage in a scarlet sequined robe, fewer than 300 were in the hall.

He had forgotten the New York Yankees were playing a double-header baseball game in Cleveland that night.

SEVERAL hundred books by more than 40 authors have been removed from the U.S. Information libraries overseas.

Some have been burned or pulped, but most have been stored, it is revealed in a New York Times investigation.

From the London library 500 books have been removed.

GOVERNOR Tom Dewey is sending a Bill to the State legislature to "civilise the water-front" by ending the gangsters' rule over the docks.

But you can't civilise just one side of New York's harbour, with its miles of docks.

So New Jersey Governor Alfred Driscoll will introduce a similar Bill in his legislature to civilise the New Jersey side of the water-front.

They are two-State commission will keep it civilised.

EX-CHORUS GIRL Joan Crawford on Broadway again in a musical comedy? There is talk of 40-year-old Joan replacing another screen star, 41-year-old Rosalind Russell, in the musical "Wonderful Town"—while Rosalind takes a summer holiday.

IN Houston, Texas, 63-year-old John Emmert was shot dead during an argument with his 65-year-old wife Felicie. The argument: Who should get their antique four-poster bed when they died? Mrs Emmert has been released on bail.

ALSO in Houston, 28-year-old William Thomas was taken to hospital with two black eyes, cuts, bruises, and a broken leg, after a fight.

"You want to die any charges?" Victim asked. "No, he's a friend of mine," said Thomas.

STRONGEST six-year-old boy in America is 3 ft. 8 in. Billy Henry, of Oakland, California. Trained as a muscle man since he was three, he can lie on his back and hold his 14 st. 4 lb. father at his hands and knees.

MAGISTRATES GO TO TRAINING SCHOOL

By Joseph Garrity

LONDON. SIR HENRY DICKENS, the son of Charles, sat for many years as a judge at the Old Bailey. Once he sentenced a burglar to five years. "Yer not 'arf the man yer farver was," shouted the burglar from the dock.

"Why do you say that?" asked the judge. "Because I've read of 'is books in prison." "Well," said Sir Henry, "now you will have plenty of time to read them all."

This is the light-hearted approach to the problem of punishment. It is with us still.

But recently a major reform in the administration of justice came into effect with the aim of meeting the problem more successfully. A law for the compulsory preparation and provision of training schemes for magistrates is now in force.

All new J.P.s are urged to attend a course not only on criminal law but also on criminal punishment.

Lectures will be given by legal experts, magistrates' clerks, quarter sessions' chairmen, and other experienced court authorities, on such subjects as matrimonial procedure, juvenile courts, law of evidence, and general court routine. And conducted tours will be made to prisons, Borstal institu-

tions, approved schools, children's homes, remand homes.

Many people—and I am one of them—believe that this development was urgently needed. Every week sentences are reported from the courts which show that nothing approaching a common standard of punishment, particularly in the police courts, has so far been devised.

DIFFERENCES

A LONDON railway porter was recently sent to prison for five months for stealing 1s. 6d. worth of sweets for his four children.

At Marlborough Street last month a young woman was given three months' imprisonment for stealing a bereet from a store. Yet at Birmingham Assizes, two days before, a man was fined over for black-mailing to the tune of £200.

At the Tower Bridge court a woman shop assistant recently pleaded guilty to 26 offences of embezzling sums totalling £6 from her employers. There had been a previous similar conviction. The magistrate placed her on probation.

Six days earlier, before the same magistrate in the same court, a coalman of previous

good character was sent to prison for four months for his part in the theft of 3cwt. of coal, valued at 18s. 6d.

The difference in the way shoplifters are treated also attracts attention. At one court in London, the shoplifters do well in the first half of the week. On Thursdays, however, as with the little wooden figures in a toy barometer, the magistrate who plies shoplifters retires, and his colleague who hates them emerges.

It is worth noting how different magistrates treat street bookmakers. In one area of London it is said that the overheads of the street bookmakers vary according to the exact place where they are arrested. One side of the boundary means a municipal court, where the usual fine is £10. The other side leads to a court where the tariff is £8.

The examples so far given largely relate to magistrates. But this law in justice has not always been confined to the magistrates' courts.

In mentioning names, it is better to refer to the dead. There were Mr Justice Hawkins and Mr Justice Wright, who were contemporaries in the High Court at the end of the last century.

The one was the hand of vengeance; the other the apostle of mercy.

As they succeeded one another on assize, it was enough to make an old law religious for the rest of his life if chance put him in Mr Justice Wright's calendar rather than Mr Justice Hawkins.

When moods, passions, and prejudices sometimes seem responsible for and reflect themselves in the lack of standards in sentencing, the public is entitled to ask: Why is it so? How can it be avoided?

AN ANALOGY

AN analogy from medicine will show the nature of the problem. A man comes to hospital suffering from pain. He is subjected to days of intensive examination to find the cause of the trouble. He is X-rayed, given test injections, has a blood-count taken. The strictest scientific principles are applied. The whole body of medical knowledge is brought to bear. A tumour of the brain is finally diagnosed.

If, at this stage, a meatbomber from Smithfield were called in to perform the operation, the patient's life would be brought to a premature end.

to the moment of sentence, not a move is made that is not regulated by strict principle.

But at that moment, for which all that has gone before is merely the preliminary, the administration of the law becomes lawless. The justices—or their clerks—know the maximum sentence. Apart from that they have no guide.

Reaction to this situation varies. J.P.s may not be aware of it, or that it worries them not at all. They may, as was the late Mr Justice McCauley, be intensely worried by it, but see no solution. "Upon the question of punishment," this judge once told some undergraduates at Cambridge, "we are all at sea."

The majority of J.P.s have assumed that they grow wise by experience.

But there is nothing here to justify complacency. A J.P.'s experience in passing sentences consists only of having made up his mind many times. If it is a mind subject to freaks and passions, this is a handicap rather than an advantage.

NEEDED

SUCH a vast flaw in the machinery of justice will be welded only when an skilled and trained a technique is brought to the function of sentencing prisoners as is brought to the function of trying them.

There is little in the experience of the ordinary man which fits him, when as magistrate he ascends to the Bench, to pass sentence on men. It cannot be properly done by the light of nature; nor is common sense, although essential, by any means the whole equipment.

Knowledge of the mind, of psychology, of punishment and its effects is far from exact. But no one who is ignorant of elementary teaching on these subjects is able to pass sentence on another. Every Bench should be trained to minimum standards. In this knowledge, and should take time to be a judge, and should consult, on the question of sentence, specialists in the field.

RESPONSIBILITY

THE sources of instruction for new magistrates now being arranged throughout the country should go some way towards realising this ideal. But I believe that some of the older magistrates, and some of their clerks too, should also take advantage of this opportunity.

The experienced magistrate, who has grown set in his attitudes, may be even more in need of such training than the newly appointed man with an open mind.

There is no task which carries with it a greater weight of responsibility than to sit in judgment over others. Yet there is none, either, where untrained instinct is given greater scope. The lay magistrate must, continue to play his part in the administration of justice. But whatever his standing and seniority he needs teaching in the groundwork of criminal science.

TUBERCULOSIS ONCE THOUGHT TO BE A ROMANTIC SICKNESS

(By A DOCTOR)

THE drug treatment of tuberculosis is an exciting new development in medicine. It was only in 1944 that the American Dr Selman Waksman discovered streptomycin—the first antibiotic drug to have a lethal effect on the bacteria which cause tuberculosis.

Since 1944 scientists have found several other drugs which bring nearer the day when tuberculosis can be declared curable. The most promising of these new drugs is Isoniazid, now being tested by the Medical Research Council in many hospitals and sanatoria throughout Britain. It may be that a combination of streptomycin and Isoniazid will prove much more destructive to tuberculosis bacilli than either drug given alone.

'Not the solution'

But in their new book on tuberculosis "The White Plague," Gollance, (Lancet), Rene and Jean Dubos say all they have to say about drugs in two pages, and not a very encouraging two pages at that.

The reason for this is that Dr Rene Dubos, the author, some years ago of an outstanding biography of Pasteur, is an

eminent American bacteriologist. Like all bacteriologists, he has watched, with astonished disappointment, tuberculosis bacilli developing powers of resistance to each new drug soon after it was discovered. He sums up his opinion:

"The problem of eradication of tuberculosis from society is not likely to be solved by the use of any drug, however powerful and non-toxic. Tuberculosis will be conquered only when man has learned to function according to a physiological way of living that renders him more resistant to tubercle bacilli and when he has created a social environment that protects him from exposure to infection."

Dr Dubos has therefore purposely concentrated on the history of tuberculosis and on its sociological importance, and the result is one of the most informative non-technical books on tuberculosis that have ever been written.

During the nineteenth century it was supposed that tuberculosis was a romantic sickness in which the mind triumphed over the body. Keats, Chelipa, the Bronzes, and other famous consumptives had their lives tragically shortened by tuberculosis and there was much support for the theory that the disease actually fostered genius.

But, as Dr Dubos makes plain, this perverted sentimentalism began to change when Robert Koch, of Berlin, showed, in 1882, that tuberculosis was an infection caused by a germ, something unclear.

There was world-wide excitement when Koch announced that he had discovered a substance (an extract of tuberculosis bacilli now known as Old Tuberculin) which could prevent and even cure tuberculosis. The first English physician to arrive in Berlin and report on this discovery was Dr Arthur Conan Doyle.

Social misery

Rene and Jean Dubos describe the advances that have been made since then in the treatment of tuberculosis—the sanatorium regime, radiography, collapse therapy, surgery, and chemotherapy. They argue that the human body has its own powers of resistance when living conditions are favourable, but that "social misery" can be responsible for the failure of these natural powers of resistance.

Dubos described "consumption" as the epitome of the men of death. It is no longer heart disease and cancer have long had the lead. The advance of cancer as a cause of death has been so sinister that nearly

everyone is more frightened of getting it than any other disease.

Such fear is irrational. We all have to die, and to die of cancer is not necessarily more unpleasant than to die of tuberculosis. Those terrified of cancer may gain some reassurance from an inspiring little book by Mrs Edna Kachele ("Living with Cancer," Gollance, 6s. 6d.).

The authoress, the mother of four young children, was told she had an inoperable cancer and was given six months to live. That was six years ago. After her life had nearly ebbed away, some mysterious vital force came flooding back.

Mrs Kachele still has cancer, but she has learned, as she says, to live with it. Reading between the lines one has the impression that she does not expect to die from cancer.

Her explanation of how she kept cancer at bay, and her advice to other cancer sufferers, may not tally with orthodox medical opinion, but doctors will not quarrel with her for that. She writes: "Doctors only know their own limitations—not yours. If your doctor holds out no hope for your eventual recovery, then concentrate on keeping him encouraged. He probably needs it as much as you do."

Colonel UP and Mr. DOWN... by Walter



JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Expert Shows How To Make Hard Play

By OSWALD JACOBY

"HOW should this hand be played?" asks a New York correspondent. "I won the opening club lead with dummy's king, and immediately drew two rounds of trump with the ace and king. When I discovered the bad trump break, I decided that I needed a good break in diamonds to make the contract. Acting on this assumption, I led the ace of diamonds. West promptly trumped with the nine of spades and naturally made his queen of spades later on. I was therefore set one trick."

"I feel sure that the hand can be made somehow or other, but I cannot see either the method or the reasoning which would discover such a method. Would an expert know how?" Yes, an expert would make this contract without any trouble at all. Just for the fun of it, if you haven't already decided how to play this hand, try it before reading on. The correct play at the second trick is a 'ruff'.

When it is possible to ruff in either hand, or in both hands,

NORTH		EAST	
♠ J1003	♥ AK4	♠ J10872	♥ Q1097
♦ 893	♣ AK	♦ 897	♣ 897
WEST		SOUTH (D)	
♠ Q882	♥ 5	♠ AK74	♥ None
♦ Q853	♣ 1097	♦ AK42	♣ QJ63
♠ 10542	♥ 897	♠ 10542	♥ 897

Both sides vul. Opening lead—♠ 2

your best course is to count winners instead of losers. In this case, South counts that he can eventually win four top clubs, two top diamonds, and two top hearts. He therefore needs a total of four trump tricks in order to make sure of his contract.

In order to obtain a fourth trump trick, South must ruff once in either hand. Hence South looks only for a way to get one ruffing trick. There is no convenient way to ruff anything in the dummy, but South can easily ruff a small heart in his own hand.

At the second trick, therefore, South leads the four of hearts from the dummy and ruffs in his own hand. South next continues by cashing the top spades and leading his last trump. West can take the queen of spades but must then lead to the dummy.

Dummy can easily lead the jack of spades and the two top hearts, on each of which South can discard a diamond. Don't forget that South has already ruffed once, therefore has one trump less than dummy. It is "then easy to get dummy's ace of clubs out of the way and lead a diamond to the South hand for the rest of the tricks. The actual declarer could have made the slam contract even after beginning the hand badly. The correct play is, however, to ruff a low heart at the second trick.

CARD Sense

Q—With both sides vulnerable, the bidding has been: West North East South 1 Spade 2 Diamonds Pass ? You, South, hold: Spades 7-4, Hearts Q-J-3, Diamonds K-7-6-3, Clubs A-J-3-2. What do you do?

A—Bid three diamonds. If North has a minimum overcall, he will be safe at three diamonds. If he has extra strength, you are perfectly willing to encourage a game contract.

TODAY'S QUESTION

The bidding is the same as in the question just answered. You, South, hold: Spade 7, Hearts Q-J-3, Diamonds K-7-6-3, Clubs A-J-3-2. What do you do?

Answer: Four hearts

YOUR BIRTHDAY... By STELLA

MONDAY, JULY 6

BORN today, you are one of those who like to do things in your own way without any advice from the sidelines. You are quick to see an opportunity and to make the most of it. Your success should come early in life. Despite an impulsive nature, you have the quick insight to know when something is not for you. You are deeply sympathetic to the sufferings of others and you will always do what you can to help. Although the written and the spoken word are your best weapons you are not unwilling to embark upon a rugged fight. If necessary, you will do your best to win. You are peace-loving. Your greatest happiness is when you are at home among members of your own family. Wed when young so that you will have a large group of children and grandchildren to bring you joy and happiness throughout your long life. You have a strong love nature and your marriage should bring you deep and lasting contentment.

You women are inclined to be a little inebriate in romance and need to be cautious when it comes to being flirtatious. Others may take your remaining more seriously than you do. Yet, once you have selected your marriage partner, you are ready to "settle down" and will become a devoted wife and mother. You are a fine homemaker and have excellent taste in home decoration.

To find what the stars have in store for tomorrow, select your birthday star and read the corresponding paragraph. Let your birthday star be your daily guide.

TUESDAY, JULY 7

CANCER (June 22-July 23)—Keep your mind on future plans but finish a job that needs doing. Right in the present!

LEO (July 24-Aug. 23)—Patience wins out today. Don't let pleasure interfere with necessary business at this time.

VIRGO (Aug. 24-Sept. 23)—You can achieve a great deal under today's conditions if you persevere industriously.

LIBRA (Sept. 24-Oct. 23)—Be philosophical about events today. You can't control the world but you can control your attitude.

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 23)—Be ready for unexpected visitors and you won't be too surprised. Yet, don't be disappointed if none arrives.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 24-Dec. 23)—Rather than be too adventuresome, stick to tried and tested ideas just now. Holding out best for you.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 24-Jan. 20)—Not a good time to show your emotions. Keep a well-balanced attitude, no matter what happens.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—You may have some interesting ideas today. Work them out and put them into production at once.

PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 20)—It is important that you take good care of "doormat" today. There could be a serious loss otherwise.

ARIES (Mar. 21-Apr. 20)—There can be confusion today unless you are very cautious about details. Don't be hasty at your work.

TAURUS (Apr. 21-May 21)—Things can be at sixes and sevens today. Be sure you take care of important matters with the greatest of efficiency.

GEMINI (May 22-June 21)—Make a loved one happy by planning a surprise party. Perhaps a child has a birthday party!

DUMB BELLS



WHAT'S HIS LINE?

The letters—
STAN G. SPEER.
—If rearranged will spell the owner's occupation.
(Solution on Page 10)

BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

O'Scowl Wants a Warm Bath

—But He Winds Up in the Cold Brook After All!

By MAX TRELL

"I was early in the morning," said Mr. Punch to Knarf and Hanid, the shadow-children with the turned-about names, "and the Pixies decided to take their daily bath in the brook at the foot of the hill."

"Now it was a pleasant, sunny morning, but the air was

rather sharp, as it usually is at that hour of the day. Pixie O'Bean and Pixie O'Long and Pixie McCher and the rest of the Pixies all sprang out of their beds.

Crypt Through Keyhole

"But Pixie O'Scowl said no—he wouldn't get himself chilled to the bone. 'I'll take my bath in warm water,' he said. With that, he hurried away from his companions. A few moments later he crept through the keyhole of the house at the end of the road and slipped noiselessly into the kitchen.

"No one was stirring at that moment," Mr. Punch went on. "Springing lightly up to the edge of the sink, Pixie O'Scowl stood under the hot water faucet from which (to his delight) the water was slowly dripping.

"A warm shower!" he said to himself as he stood under the drops. "What a fool I'd be to shiver in the brook!"

At that instant Pixie O'Scowl heard the sound of footsteps. Now the Pixies do not like ever to be seen by people (and least of all when they are taking a shower). Pixie O'Scowl darted off. Unfortunately for him, he slipped on a bit of soap and before he could pick himself up, there was the water running full force from the faucet and poor Pixie O'Scowl was swept down the dark drain.

White, 8 pieces
White to play; mate in two.
Solution to Saturday's problem:
1. Q-K2; 1... K-K4, P-Q6 (dis ch); 2. RxB (ch); 1... Kt-B3; 2. Kt-Q2 (ch); 1... K-Q5; 2. Kt-B2 (ch).

Chess Problem
By ARTHUR A. PAUL
Black, 7 pieces

White, 8 pieces
White to play; mate in two.
Solution to Saturday's problem:
1. Q-K2; 1... K-K4, P-Q6 (dis ch); 2. RxB (ch); 1... Kt-B3; 2. Kt-Q2 (ch); 1... K-Q5; 2. Kt-B2 (ch).

White, 8 pieces
White to play; mate in two.
Solution to Saturday's problem:
1. Q-K2; 1... K-K4, P-Q6 (dis ch); 2. RxB (ch); 1... Kt-B3; 2. Kt-Q2 (ch); 1... K-Q5; 2. Kt-B2 (ch).

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White to play; mate in two.
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1. Q-K2; 1... K-K4, P-Q6 (dis ch); 2. RxB (ch); 1... Kt-B3; 2. Kt-Q2 (ch); 1... K-Q5; 2. Kt-B2 (ch).

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WOMANSENSE

KEEP IN TRIM

IMAGINATION IS AN OVERWEIGHT'S BEST FRIEND

By IDA JEAN KAIN

If you're in search of some magic to slim off the unwanted pounds, try limbering up your imagination. Any overweight can discover the will power to slim down if she'll visualize vividly the rewards of normal weight.

So many overweight have long since forgotten what it is like to be rid of the burdening pounds. And the note of surprise and exultation at feeling light and buoyant and years younger sounds over and over in letters from successful reducers. Here's one sample of many that have come to this department:

"If only women everywhere knew about the wonderful, proud and healthy feelings awaiting every overweight who

diets successfully. At night, after a few minutes of exercising, I stand and gloat at the image in my mirror. "It was last November when I heard the ominous and embarrassing clatter of the scales as it hit 180. I was determined then to get down to normal weight. So far I have lost 25 pounds. Going from a size 20 dress to a 10½ seems miraculous. I was well-known as a girl who could never resist cake, ice cream or pie. And when I started to diet, my slightly envious friends teased and taunted me. 'One piece won't hurt your diet,' was a favorite remark. 'I discovered that a mental picture of my slim self thwarted all sabotage attempts. The moment I was tempted, I closed my eyes and visualized myself at normal weight. After a time, my friends began to make excuses for their excessive pounds... the usual little fibs most of us use to rationalize. 'I wouldn't



look well any smaller,' or 'I'd be too weak if I dieted.'"

"So I listen and glow with pride at my sudden ability to control my appetite. I will not say that it has always been easy, but let's face it... that's partly the reason why I'm proud of myself now. I'd never have this sense of achievement if dieting had all been a breeze."

"Once in a while I'm tempted to stray from the starchless path, but then I recall the quickened interest of my husband as I appeared in a younger, slimmer, glamorous dress. I wouldn't trade his glow of pride for pie or cake!"

White Touch



By ALICE ALDEN

THERE is nothing like white costume jewellery to give a cool and distinctive accent to spring and summer clothes, especially when the motif is a delicate floral one. And it is especially attractive when it comes to pointing up a cardigan neckline. One costume jewellery firm, taking note of all this, has come through with a gleaming set of white enamel combined with gilt metal in a delightful motif for necklace, pins and earrings.

Household Hint

When you are sewing on nylon, fewer stitches per inch can be made. Better seams will generally result when stitches are larger than those on other fabrics. If you prefer smaller top stitching, experiment on the fabric to select the proper machine adjustment. When you sew on tightly woven fabrics, seven stitches to the inch may be used, particularly for inside seams. The strength of the nylon permits this larger stitch.

THERE'S NO PLACE LIKE
WHITEAWAYS
for Value
TO-DAY IS Opportunity Day

FOR MEN

PAN Cotton Socks	5 prs. for	\$19.50
Cotton & Art Silk Socks	7 prs. for	19.50
Dyford Wool Socks	3 prs. for	19.50
Wool & Cotton Hosiery	4 prs. for	19.50
Wool Knit	3 prs. for	19.50
Stocking	6 for	19.50
Palm Beach Ties	6 for	19.50
Irish Poplin Ties	3 for	19.50
Irish Poplin Ties	6 for	19.50
Dyford Half Hose	3 prs. for	19.50
Dyford Half Hose	6 prs. for	19.50
Wool & Cotton Hosiery	7 prs. for	19.50
Fancy Aertex	19.50 ea.	
Fancy Nylon Socks	3 for	19.50
Fancy Hosiery	19.50	
Fancy Hosiery	19.50	
Shirts	19.50	

FOR LADIES

British Seersucker	4 yds. for	\$19.50
Check Muslin	4 yds. for	19.50
Focal Organdy	4 yds. for	19.50
Ladies Figue	19.50 ea.	
Celastone Pyjamas	19.50	
Ladies Lace Trimmed French Panties	19.50	
Ladies Silk & Cotton 1/2 shoulder	4 for	19.50
Ladies Lace Trimmed Celastone Slips, Wk. & OS only	2 for	19.50
Aristoc Service	3 for	19.50
Weighted Nylon	3 for	19.50
Palito Nylon	3 for	19.50
Dubarry Bath Suits	3 for	19.50
Beach Shoes, rope soles	3 prs. for	19.50

AND MANY OTHER

GENUINE OPPORTUNITIES

FOR THE HOME

Linen Glass Cloths	5 for	\$19.50
Cotton Glass Cloths	8 for	19.50
17" X 30"	8 for	19.50
Heavy Terry Bath Mats	2 for	19.50
53" X 62"	19.50 ea.	
Linen Breakfast Cloth	2 for	19.50
White Turkish Towels	3 for	19.50
22" X 44"	3 for	19.50
Cotton Pillow Cases	5 for	19.50
Saxony Bath Towels	2 for	19.50
37" X 64"	2 for	19.50
Single bed Sheet	19.50	
70" X 100" & Pillow case	19.50	
Pyrex Oven Glass	19.50 set	
Children's Nursery Ware—pieces	19.50	
Children's Nursery Ware—pieces	19.50	
Bowick Flower Vases	19.50	
Lager Glasses	1 doz. for	19.50
Coloured Stoneware Coffee Jug, Teapot, & pt. Jug	19.50 set	

FOR CHILDREN

Cotton Frocks & Knicker Sets	\$19.50 ea.	
Infants Silk Frocks (Smocked)	5 for	19.50
Infants Terry Napkins	2 for	19.50
Squares	5 for	19.50
Infants Pure Wool Cardigans, sizes 20, 22, 24	2 for	19.50
Childs Beach Shoes, rope soles	3 prs. for	19.50

DOORS OPEN 8.45 A.M.

\$19.50

WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & CO. LTD.

Rupert and the Bad Dog—16



The ball does not always go just where Rupert wants it to go, and he has to do a lot of chasing, so that he is comfortably warm by the time he enters the main street of Popton. As he does so he realises that he is being watched by an

alien little dog. "My goodness, it's Jack again!" he cries. "What are you doing here? I hope you're not in your naughty mood!" But Jack only stands and stares, so Rupert goes on to the shop to choose some nice fish for his Diddy.

"That doesn't go on this window anyway—it says northeast bedroom."

One Major Upset In First Round Of The Open Triples By "TOUCHER"

One major upset was recorded in yesterday's first round games of the Colony Open Triples Lawn Bowls Championship when R. Basa, V. N. Atienza and W. C. Ogley eliminated the highly-favoured Luz brothers by 19-12.

The winners were in exceptionally good form, and after taking a 5-0 lead after the first four heads led all the way to the end of the game.

R. Basa, one of the Colony's leading skips before the war, who played as lead for the winners yesterday, was deadly on the jack with his "delicate touch" deliveries, while V.N. Atienza was always there when needed.

In especially brilliant form was the winning skip, W. C. Ogley, who could do nothing wrong whether in resting an opposing shot or in drawing for the shot.

CLOSEST MATCH

The closest match yesterday was provided by the clash of the two Craigenower combinations skipped by J. S. Landolt and C. R. Rossetti. Landolt's three-man team scraped home rather luckily by 12-10, after being led 3-10 at the end of the 11th head.

With the opposition lying only one shot on the 12th head, C. R. Rossetti was a little unfortunate when in attempting to promote his own second shot he deflected it away to concede a count of two.

This was the turning point, as G. Madar, F. Lee and Joe Landolt kept on scoring for the next six successive heads of the game.

On the 16th head with the score at 9-10, Landolt with a count of four against him walked in for the first shot and followed this up with a two and a single.

The game's final put yesterday was perhaps that of the Kitchell brothers who ultimately went down to W. Chambers, S. Telford and A. G. Coles by 10-13.

The Kitchells were 4-15 down at the end of the 15th head, but recovered with a brilliant spell on the next two heads by scoring a five and a four.

Winning skip Coles had to draw in the shot on the last head to win the match for his side by 16-13.

Malayans' Trip To Hongkong Delayed

Singapore, July 6. The grounding at Calcutta of the ship Sangola has upset the itinerary of 100 undergraduates of the University of Malaya, on a trip to Hongkong to play a series of competitive games against the Hongkong University.

The next ship due to sail, the Tjilwang, is scheduled to leave on July 24, but if the local undergrads sail on her some medical students may not be able to return in time for their examinations.

The President of the University Athletic Union, R. S. McCoy, said the situation was now fluid and a cable had been sent to Hongkong University.—United Press.

LAWN BOWLS LEAGUE STANDINGS

The following are the standings in the three divisions of the Lawn Bowls League after Saturday's matches:

FIRST DIVISION

	P	W	D	L	F	A	U	D	Pts.
Recrelo	8	8	0	0	577	401	194	—	33½
KEGC	8	5	0	3	528	420	99	—	29½
CCC	8	5	0	3	498	453	43	—	29½
IRC	7	4	0	3	420	393	33	—	20½
KDC	8	4	0	4	402	405	27	—	20
KCC	8	2	0	6	415	422	—	7	14
HKFC	8	2	0	6	394	554	—	100	13
PRC	7	3	0	4	352	422	—	70	12
Talkoo	7	1	0	6	344	503	—	150	6

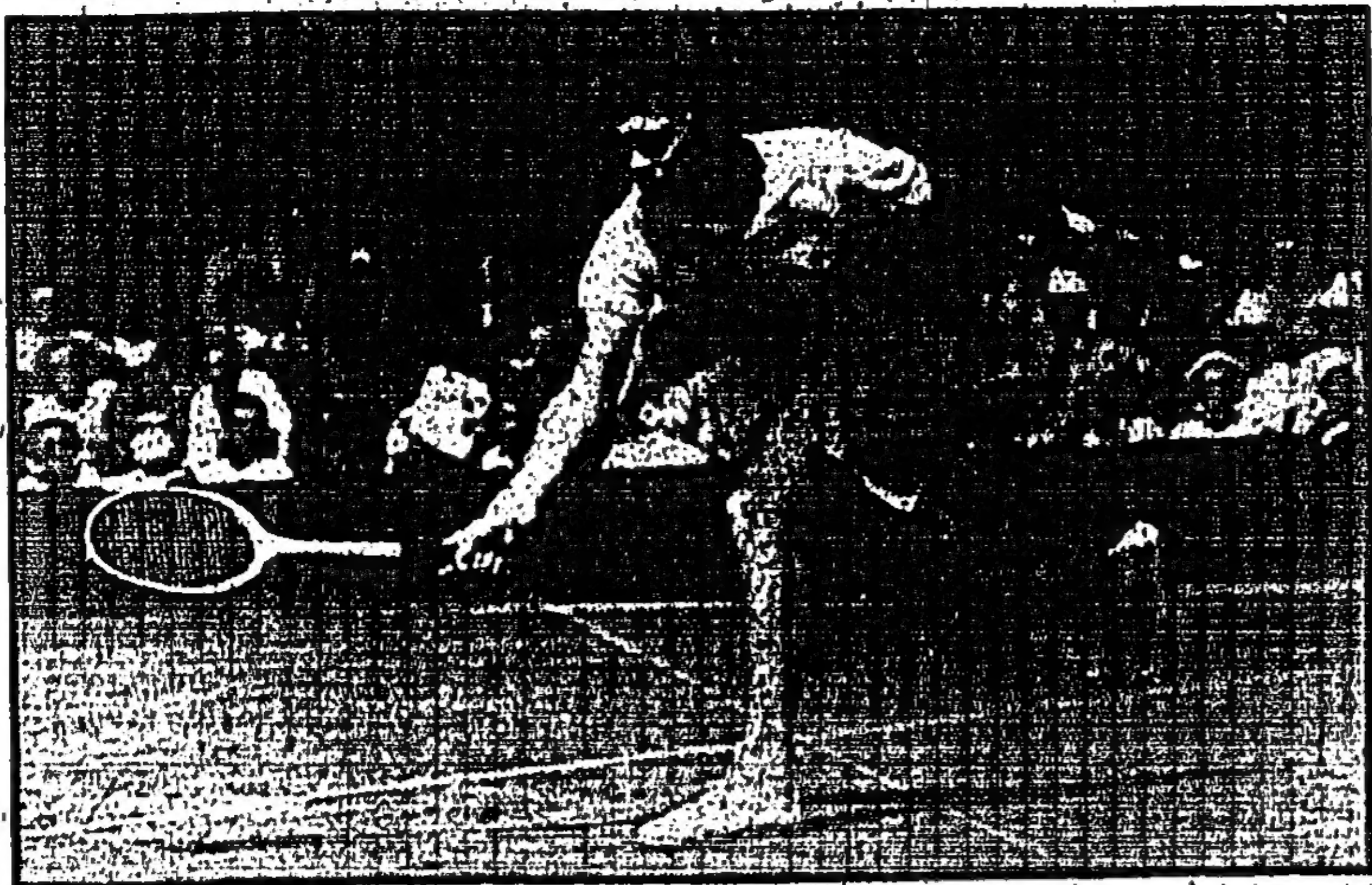
SECOND DIVISION

	P	W	D	L	F	A	U	D	Pts.
Recrelo "A"	8	8	0	0	590	394	196	—	34½
Recrelo "B"	9	7	0	2	551	534	17	—	30
KCC	8	5	0	3	409	382	27	—	17½
KEGC	8	3	0	5	431	505	—	74	10½
FC	7	3	0	4	425	413	12	—	16
IRC	7	3	0	4	382	437	—	55	14½
KDC	8	2	0	6	401	474	—	7	14
HKCC	6	2	0	4	284	414	—	130	7

THIRD DIVISION

	P	W	D	L	F	A	U	D	Pts.
IRC	8	8	0	0	593	397	196	—	33
Recrelo	8	8	0	0	593	450	143	—	33½
CCC	8	7	0	1	523	403	100	—	32
USRC	9	4	0	5	500	530	—	24	24
FC	9	0	0	9	550	517	—	30	23½
KCC	8	4	0	4	452	402	—	7	22
POC	8	3	0	5	401	489	—	28	10½
PRC	9	3	0	6	471	549	—	77	10½
HKFC	8	1	0	7	449	—	—	216	8½
HKRC	8	0	0	8	360	585	—	229	5½

KURT NIELSEN IN ACTION



Kurt Nielsen (Denmark) in play during his vital match against the Australian "need", Ken Rosewall, at Wimbledon. Nielsen reached the final, the first Scandinavian ever to do so, losing to Vic Seixas.—Central Press Photo.

THE BRITISH OPEN GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP AGAIN BECOMES A WORLD EVENT

By JAMES GOODFELLOW

London. The Open Golf Championship at Carnoustie (Angus), beginning today has again become a world event, with 36 overseas entrants. Seventeen players, including Ben Hogan, Lloyd Mangrum, Gene Sarazen, and Johnny Bulla, have come from the United States; six from France; four from South America; and three from Australia.

This is Hogan's first attempt to win the title here. He has been told that he will not go down in the records as a great golfer until he has captured it.

And such is his belief in himself that he expects to win on the first occasion.

Hogan, who recently won the United States Open Golf title for the fourth time, has put in two weeks' special practice, feeling that the small ball and the firmer greens are a challenge.

Preparation for him is the most important part of the event. He is the machine man of golf. He strikes shot after shot precisely.

Says Bobby Locke, who is seeking his fourth Championship, "Hogan should have no trouble at Carnoustie. He is master of every golf shot and can master all conditions."

The most amazing thing about Hogan ("the man with ice water in his veins") is his stirring and dramatic comeback after a near fatal motor accident in 1949.

When he was captain of the Ryder Cup team at Ganton in that year he could only walk a few hundred yards on to the course.

Gene Sarazen, who says Hogan is the greatest champion in competitive golf, has written: "Hogan is the most mercurial player of all the modern golfers."

His temperament may derive from the rough anguishing years of his childhood or the hostility he sensed he encountered as a young and over-determined circuit chaser.

Hogan is trying to emulate the feat of Sarazen and Bobby Jones in winning the Open Championships of America and Great Britain in the same year.

Another U.S. golf machine is Lloyd Mangrum, here also with the last Ryder Cup team—who is winning many of the big money prizes this year.

This is his description, given by a United States golfer: "At 38 with razor-blade eyes and dark brown hair with a touch of red in it, Mangrum is handsome to most men and all women. His appearance is usually likened, in a weary simile to a Mississippi river-boat gambler."

"This is by way of saying he looks cunning, logical and lucky—which he is—and cold, suave and unapproachable—which he is not."

Johnny Bulla has made six attempts to win the title that have probably cost him around £1,250.

When I asked him what it would mean to him if he won, he replied that the prestige would probably bring him from £5,000 to £10,000.

Two of the leading U.S. amateurs, Harvie Ward and Frank Stranahan, former British Amateur Champions, are in the draw.

SPORTING SAM By Reg. Wootton



★ ★ ★ A SEAT IN THE STALLS ★ ★ ★

DAVID LEWIN Meets

A Woman Who Is No Beauty —And Glad Of It

New York. "New York, New York is a wonderful town; The Bronx is up and the Battery's down."

AND Broadway, the most boasted street in the world, is 20 miles long—although it is the mile around Times Square, the local Piccadilly, that really counts. The neon signs stab at the eye and make a blaze like Blackpool; and, like Blackpool again (but not Piccadilly), slap in the middle of Times Square is an amusement arcade with the crack crack of a rifle range.

Around Broadway the women make the news. The stars of the town are Shirley Booth, Beatrice Lillie, and Rosalind Russell.

I lunch with Shirley ("Little Sheila") Booth, and she comes with a charcoal-wheel hat and a walking cane.

Miss Booth is 43 years old, and would never stand against Marilyn Monroe in a glamour competition. But this year she has collected both the cinema and theatre Oscar awards.

She says:—"I'd be uncomfortable playing a glamorous woman. I'm happier being plain. In a plain woman people try hard to find something else. When they see a beautiful woman they are always seeking the flaw."

I asked Shirley Booth about her acting career. She smiled and said: "I decided to act when I was four—but my professional start was delayed for another eight years. Then I left school. So apart from acting, I'm practically illiterate."

6d. STING. "I HAVE been watching the shows here and I am coming home furious with the



SHIRLEY BOOTH

"I'm happier plain."

West End theatre managers who dare to extort 4d. for a programme which is no more than a leaflet. In New York the programmes—36 pages, with full stories about the cast—are free and one for each customer.

A.R.P.

★ ODD SOUNDING notes in the programmes here: "In the event of an air-raid remain in your seats."

WARNING: Don't strike a match to check cast names or scene changes in a theatre. Says the programme: "The

Doctors Discuss 'Pep Treatments.' Say:

DOPE IN SPORT 'ALL RIGHT IF IT IS SAFE'

By CHAPMAN PINCHER

Should the doping of athletes to boost their speed and endurance be allowed? This question brought doctors into conflict at a meeting of the British Association of Sport and Medicine in London recently.

Sir Adolphe Abrahams, medical officer to the British Olympic team, opened the meeting by announcing that a "high official of the athletic world" had written expressing grave alarm that doping was to be discussed.

Several doctors disclosed that new gland-extracts like cortisone—the anti-rheumatism drug—might increase athletic prowess.

They might make the four-minute mile possible by releasing the extra reserves of energy which men can normally muster only when their lives are threatened.

'SECRET DRINK' There were hints that some athletes, mainly foreign, are already using medicines which could be classed as dopes.

Gorman rowing crews are using a stimulant which is forbidden for use on horses by the Jockey Club.

Dr A. McEldowney said that one highly successful sculler always drinks a secret liquid immediately before a race and carefully drops the bottle in the river.

The case of a Rugby scrum-half whose speed was doubled after his anxiety had been treated with sleeping tablets was discussed.

American Olympic athletes are now given sleeping pills as a routine measure to ensure a good night's rest before their events. It was disclosed.

SAFETY THREE Most of the doctors finally agreed on three main points:—

WORLD RECORD CLAIMED

Berlin, July 5. An East German team clocked 1 min. 39.5 seconds in Cracow, Poland, to break the women's world record for the four times 200 Metres Relay, according to the East German news agency, ADN.

The official world record of 1 min. 39.7 seconds, is held jointly by a Southern Counties Women's Athletic Association (Britain) team and a Soviet Russian national team.

The East German team was Anneliese Clausner, Ulla Jurwitz, Christa Seifinger and Alice Karger. They were competing in the Polish Students' Athletic Championships.—Reuter.

HONG KONG BIRDS

By

G. A. C. HERKLOTS

Illustrated in colour and black and white by

COMMANDER A.M. HUGHES,
O.B.E., R.N. (Retd)

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"HUNAN"	Tientsin	10 a.m.	10th July
"FOYANG"	Bangkok	10 a.m.	11th July
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m.	11th July
"FENGTIEN"	Djibouti, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	8 a.m.	12th July
"YCHOW"	Shanghai	10 a.m.	12th July
"HANYANG"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	10 a.m.	13th July
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m.	16th July
"FUKIEN"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	8 a.m.	25th July
"PETER REED"	Tandjong Muni & Sibiu	8 a.m.	26th July

* Sails from Cuddalore Wharf

A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD., JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO			
"CHANGTE"	Sydney & Melbourne	4 p.m.	6th July
"CHANGSHA"	Sydney & Melbourne		10th Aug.
"TAIYUAN"	Japan		19th Aug.

ARRIVALS FROM			
"CHANGTE"	Kobe	In Port	
"CHANGSHA"	Australia & Japan		9th July
"TAIYUAN"	Australia & Manila		15th Aug.

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said.

"PELUS"	Liverpool & Glasgow	7th July
"BELLEROPHON"	Liverpool & Glasgow	14th July
"MENTOR"	Liverpool, Dublin & Genoa, London, Rotterdam, Amsterdam & Hamburg	24th July
"ALCINOUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	25th July
"PATROCLUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	6th Aug.

Scheduled Sailings from Europe

Sails	Arrives
S. "ALCINOUS" Liverpool	8th July
G. "PATROCLUS" do	13th July
S. "CYCLOPS" do	23rd July
G. "AUTOLYCUS" do	29th July
S. "LAOMEDON" 3rd July	7th Aug.
G. "PERSEUS" 7th July	15th Aug.
S. "CLYTHEUS" 18th July	22nd Aug.
G. "ASTYANAX" 24th July	29th Aug.

G. Loading Glasgow, before Liverpool. S. Loading Swansea, before Liverpool. Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING FROM U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS.

"HAINAN"	14th July
"AGAMEMNON"	2nd Aug.
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"BENARES"	20th July
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Accept cargo for Kingston and to Central & South American ports on through bills of lading.

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HK/Hanoi/Haiphong	(DC-3) 11:00 a.m. Tue. 3:30 p.m. Wed.	
HK/Singapore	(DC-4) 11:00 a.m. Wed. 8:45 p.m. Thu.	
HK/Manila/B.N. Dorneo	(DC-3) 7:00 a.m. Tue. Fri. 4:45 p.m. Wed. Sat.	
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From	Due
"BENATTOW"	U.K. on or abt. 10th July
"BENCRAVACHAN"	Japan " 15th July
"BENLEDI"	U.K. " 24th July
"BENALDER"	U.K. " 28th July
"BENCLEUCHI"	U.K. " 16th Aug.

SAILINGS

Sails	Arrives
"BENATTOW"	Liverpool, Dublin, Rotterdam and Hamburg. 13th July
"BENCRAVACHAN"	Havre, London, Rotterdam and Antwerp. 16th July
"BENLEDI"	Kobe, Yokohama, and Osaka. 26th July
"BENALDER"	Liverpool, Glasgow, Rotterdam and Hull. 31st July
"BENLEDI"	Direct to Singapore, thence London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg. 15th Aug.
"BENCLEUCHI"	Havre, London, Rotterdam and Hull. 20th Aug.
"BENLAVERS"	Genoa, Liverpool, Rotterdam and Hamburg. 29th Aug.

† Calls Manila.
‡ Calls Djibouti instead of Aden.

All vessels accept cargo for Suez and Port Said.

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BIRTHS

WILSHAW—To Audrey Sara, wife of John Wilshaw, on July 6, 1953, at Queen Mary Hospital, a daughter. Both well.

FOR SALE

"DEVON VALLEY" Blotting Paper White ink sheets 17 1/2" x 22 1/2", cut to any size, 20 cents per sheet, \$10 per 100. Available at South China Morning Post.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

By "AJAX"
Damaged cargo on this vessel will be surveyed by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at Hull's Wharf from 10 a.m. on 8th July, 1953, and consignees are requested to have their representatives present during the survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE Agents.

Hongkong, 4th July, 1953.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

By "MAKIN LINE"
Having arrived from New York and Ports of call, consignees of cargo are hereby notified that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk and expense into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company's godowns at Kowloon, where delivery may be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

Optional cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given 48 hours prior to vessel's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

No claims will be admitted after the 4th July 1953, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 11th July, 1953, will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the godowns, where they will be examined on 10th July, 1953, at 10 a.m. by our Surveyors. Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

All claims must reach us before the 4th July 1953, or they will not be recognized.

No insurance will be effected.

JEBSEN & CO. Agents.

Hongkong, 4th July 1953.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

CONSIGNEES PER

LLOYD THREISTON
By "UGOLINO VIVALDI"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company's godowns where it will be at consignees' risk and subject to the charges, terms and conditions of storage, where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godowns for examination by consignees and the Company's surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on the 7th July 1953.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's godown, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 8th July 1953, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 8th July 1953, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & CO., LTD. Agents.

Hongkong, 4th July 1953.

King Leaves 320 Wives In Harem For Paris Holiday

A King has arrived in Paris for a holiday away from his 320 wives and several hundred children. Only four of his senior Ministers are with him. "The Emperor could not bring his family," one of them said. "There are so many of them."

The King is Moro Naba, Emperor of the Mossis and ruler of 1,500,000 people in French West Africa.

The Emperor, a colourful figure in a round white cap embroidered in yellow, a richly adorned red cloak, with a gold-handled sword and a Legion of Honour medal, will stay in Paris for a month. He stood and smiled as his official spokesman conducted an interview.

"Our Emperor is progressive in his ideas. He is the guardian of our traditions and customs. He demands that he has a large number of wives," said the spokesman. Asked if the Emperor knew all their names, "Yes, of course," he replied. "Many are not wives in the Western sense. They qualify for the honour because they are skilled dancers or singers."

2200 A DAY
"They all live together happily in the harem."

Fortunately there is no food rationing in the emperor's capital, Ouagadougou. The wives and children get as much to eat as they want. And it costs 2200 a day to keep them. The harem is guarded by eunuchs, chosen from among the most loyal families in the kingdom.

The Moro Naba often calls on his wives for entertainment when he is giving a state banquet for visiting Europeans.

KNOWS THEIR NAMES

They sing and dance to tomtoms, augmented by the rhythmic shaking of spears by the Emperor's warriors. The royal spokesman was sure how many children the Emperor has. "I think it is

Candidate's Solution For Syria

Damascus, July 5.
The Deputy Premier of Syria, General Adil Chichakly, sole presidential candidate in the election to take place later this week, said today his policy would permit the construction of a "modern, fully democratic state, free from any constraints which might limit its sovereignty or be prejudicial to its interests and those of the Arab world."

In a statement to the nation urging the support of his candidacy, General Chichakly spoke in behalf of his project for a new constitution which is being submitted to popular referendum.

Meanwhile, leaders of the opposition to General Chichakly published a statement raising the question of the legality of his constitution.—France-Press.

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



FERD'NAND

SIT-uation Wanted



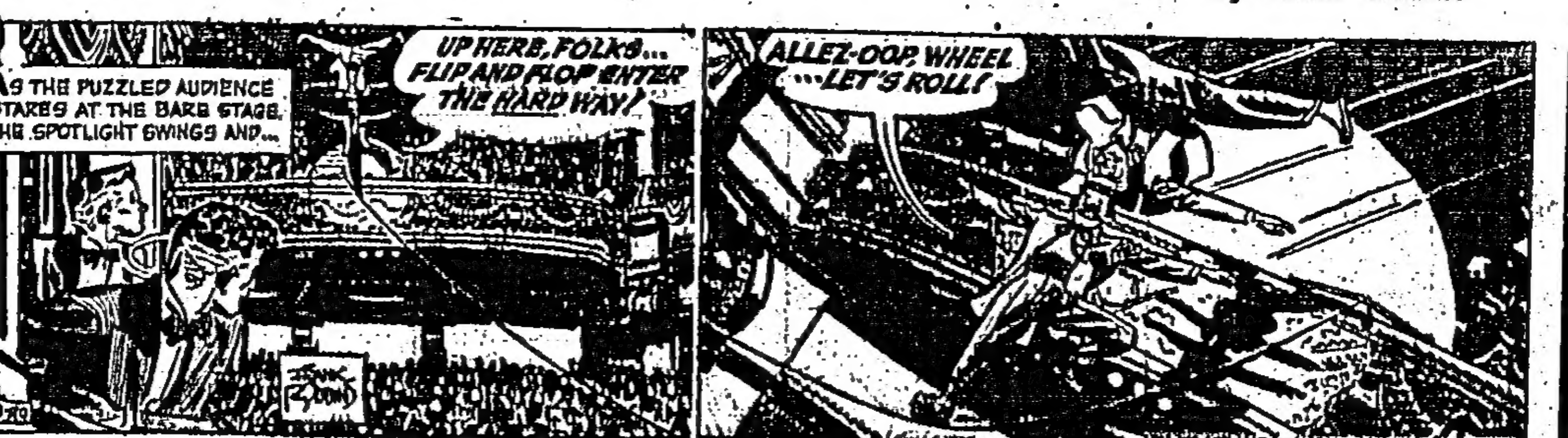
NANCY

One Swallow After Another



JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



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"CANTON" 20th August 28th Sept.
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FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Due	For
"SUNAT"	10th July	Japan
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"SHILLONG"	23rd July	

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"OZARDA"	sails 16th July	for Japan
	sails 24th July	for Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi, Kuwait, Rangoon, and Bahr

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

"EASTERN"	sails 20th July	for Japan
"NANKIN"	sails 9th Aug.	for Sydney, Adelaide & Melbourne
"EASTERN"	sails 19th Aug.	for Lae, Sydney, Newcastle, Adelaide & Melbourne

All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route & the route & sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

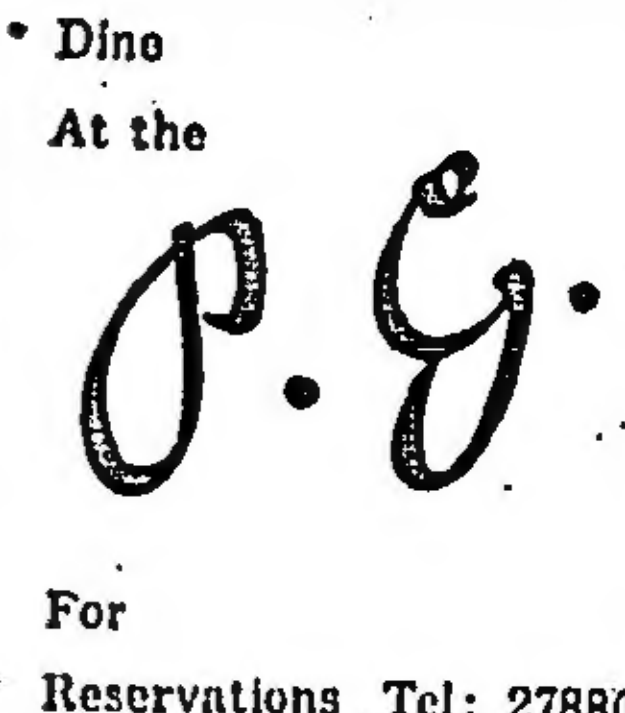
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R.N.V.R. IS FIFTY YEARS OLD

The Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve, which did such magnificent work in the two World Wars, has just attained its fiftieth birthday.

When Parliament sanctioned the formation of the Reserve in 1903 with 4,200 men and five divisions—London, Scottish, Mersey, Tyne and Bristol—Britain was becoming alive to the threat of the new and expanding German Navy—a threat which burst into realisation in 1914. In World War One the R.N.V.R. expended beyond all recognition and rendered inestimable service; 6,605 officers held commissions and there were 45,000 men serving in the Royal Navy and 15,000 in the Royal Naval Division.

The Reserves undoubtedly saved the day at the start of World War Two when their officers took command of minor war vessels and discharged minesweeping and anti-submarine duties round the coast of Britain. As hostilities developed, and more and more officers were required for the Navy, National Servicemen were selected, trained and given temporary commissions in the R.N.V.R. Eventually the Reserves represented 60 per cent of all the officers serving in the Royal Navy—40,000 in all—and they commanded destroyers, submarines, frigates, anti-aircraft vessels and a variety of minesweeping and landing craft. They won 4,328 honours and decorations, including a Victoria Cross, 14 George Crosses, 49 D.S.O.s and 1,807 D.S.C.s.



For Reservations, Tel: 27880



...this situation calls for a
San Miguel

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Firm In Spite Of Small Volume Of Business

SLOWEST MONTH OF THE YEAR

New York, July 5. The cotton goods trade idled through the slowest month of the year in June, especially in the final week when the finishing plants and weaving mills were on their vacation period.

Agreement appeared general that the current fall would continue through the first half of July. Others became resigned to the possibility that August would arrive before the situation undergoes a worthwhile change.

Yarn spinners also set August 1 as the likely date for a turn in the situation. Quite a few felt that customers' inventories by that time would be on the slender side and would need quick replenishment. Some recalled the sudden turn last year around the end of vacation time.

The fibres trade was sluggish with Manila hemp quotations easing in face of a slow consumer demand. Burlap prices dropped back around 1/4 cent a yard, when buyers found a swelling supply of lower priced shipment offerings from the Continent as well as from India.

Staple rayon and acetate grey goods ruled quiet with prices steady as only a few sellers showed any real interest in pushing goods.—United Press.

Exchange Rates

Business was done in the local unofficial exchange market this morning at the following rates:

U.S. dollar (per £1) 6/10 1/2

Sterling note (per £1) 15/2

Indian Rupee (per 100) 32/6

Singapore (Straits) 1/2

FIC plates (per 100) 8/15

Gilt-Edged Prices Recover From Recent Recession

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

London, July 5. The London Stock Exchange closed the week quietly firm in most sections despite the small volume of business.

Favourable conditions were set by the renewed hopes of a Korean peace, the increased Tory gains in the Abingdon and Edgbaston by-elections and the rise in the gold and dollar reserves.

The gilt-edged market seemed to have recovered from the recent recession and to be resuming its upward swing. Buying, though on a limited scale, was in progress both by the big institutions and the small investor.

To Report On Hybrid Rice

Manila, July 5.

Dr. K. Ramiah, rice breeding expert of the Food Administration Organisation, is leaving for Burma this week to inspect the results of the first batch of hybrid rice seeds which were sent from FAO's co-operative rice hybridisation project at Cuttack, India.

Dr. Ramiah, who recently inspected the hybrid rice programme here, reported the results of the first batch of hybrid seeds which were also sent from Cuttack to the Philippines as encouraging.

Dr. Ramiah will visit each of the countries taking part in the FAO co-operative rice hybridisation scheme, including Malaya, Pakistan, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam and Indonesia as well as Burma and Thailand.—France-Press.

Satisfaction But Not Complacency Order Of Day

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

London, July 5. There is room for satisfaction, though none for complacency, in the news that the sterling area's gold and dollar reserves rose last month by \$46 million.

The repatriation of American-held shares in Associated Electrical Industries Ltd. is said to have cost \$22 million; and but for this transfer the June surplus would have been much higher.

Again, the dollar demand for sterling area products slackens in mid-summer. Its revival awaits the opening of the Australian wool sales in September.

When seasonal and special influences of this sort are taken into account, the size of the June surplus gives no cause for alarm. It falls short of the May figure by \$2 million and is in fact the smallest monthly gain this year. But it continues the slow climb which has now brought the gold and dollar reserves up to £845 million from their low point of £593 million in April 1952.

Nevertheless the rate of climb is not reassuring. The thin margin of solvency is widening but the sterling investment programme throughout the Commonwealth depends on the strength of these reserves. And at the present pace almost three years would be needed to restore them to their mid-1951 peak.

ADVERSE EFFECT

Meanwhile Britain's own balance of payments is being adversely affected by the failure of exports to increase along with imports.

Although industrial production is running slightly higher than a year ago the country's foreign trade deficit not only persists but has lately tended to increase. Last year it averaged £63 million a month; in May of this year it reached £77 million and this after a reduction to £41 million a month over the last quarter of 1952.

The obvious explanation of this deficit, accompanied as it has been by rising industrial activity, is that more British products are finding their way into the home market. This development has, of course, been influenced both by the stiffening competition in overseas markets and by the Commonwealth import restrictions.

CANBERRA DISAPPOINTS

British exporters are disappointed that the relaxation of the Australian restrictions, announced on Friday, is no limited move had been hoped for in view of Australia's rapid trade recovery.

Another Round In Struggle Protectionists In U.S. Rally

Washington, July 5.

President Eisenhower is expected to obtain enactment of his principal requests to Congress for foreign trade legislation. Protectionist Republicans are mobilising their forces for a second act of struggle for the restriction of imports.

Imports of lead, zinc and wool are at the heart of the still unresolved controversy, but many other industrialists are asking protection.

The House has granted the President's request for a one-year extension of the reciprocal trade agreements act, and for the bipartisan study commission to examine foreign economic relations.

But Senate Finance Committee chairman Eugene Millikin told the Senate that there is a good chance that the House of Representatives may later send to the Senate the second Simpson Bill. This includes the controversial restrictions on petroleum, crude oil, lead and zinc, and would strengthen local authority to control imports of farm products.

Mr. Millikin himself led the fight for the Eisenhower programme and gained much credit for his leadership in the Senate action. His statement of a reasonable consideration later of a second Trade Bill dismissed senators who were seeking immediate drastic action on agricultural imports, especially wool.

Mr. Millikin appended the Western wool bloc by announcing to the Senate that President Eisenhower will soon request the Tariff Commission to investigate the wool situation in the current wool year, and that the bipartisan study commission will include wool in its agenda.

A Senate-House conference committee must reconcile differences between the bills already passed by the House and Senate.—United Press.

Preventing A Glut Of Sugar

London, July 5.

One of the suggestions for preventing a world glut of sugar will be put forward to the world sugar conference when it meets under the auspices of the United Nations in London on July 13. It will be a world campaign to increase consumption.

Australia is reported to be especially interested in this plan to end the world sugar surplus situation. Mr. Robert Muir, of the Australian Cattle Growers' Council, who will head the Australian delegation to the world conference, said in Sydney last week that at present prices, half of the Australian export total of 620,000 tons would be sold at less than the cost of production.

The first step in getting returns for sugar, he said, would be to make efforts to increase world consumption.

During the past four or five years, the world sugar production has been rapidly outstripping consumption. The resulting glut of over-production has for many years led to attempts to regulate production and marketing by international agreement.

In 1931, the Chamberlain Agreement among nine countries, including Cuba and Java, reduced accumulated stocks in producing countries but the world supply continued to exceed the demand because of expanded production. This agreement has continued by a series of protocols but as a result of the war they have since been largely inoperative.

The vital importance of bringing equilibrium to the world trade has been recognised by the producing and consuming countries. At its meeting last November in London, the International Sugar Council tentatively agreed to call the world conference which will meet in a fortnight.—United Press.

JAPAN HOPES FOR MARKET

Toronto, July 5.

Japan hoped to be able to enter the South Korean market when the war ended "to aid in the reconstruction". Mr. Kiyoshi Kimura, chief of the Japanese trade research organisation, said today.

Mr. Kimura, who was attending the sixth Canadian International Trade Fair, said that the end of the Korean war would cut off a number of arms contracts from the United Nations forces which Japan now had.

Trade with Canada was difficult, Mr. Kimura said, because Japan has no trade agreement. Tariffs made it impossible for Japan to compete in some lines.—Reuter.

Waiting To America

Washington, July 5.

The National Federation of American Shipping said today that the United Kingdom threatens to outstrip the U.S. in the size of its tanker fleet.

In a press release, the Federation said although the U.S. has the world's largest tanker fleet with about 450 oil-carrying deep sea vessels, few new ones are being built for American flag operations.

It said the world's tanker fleet is now 31,000,000 tons or 85 per cent greater than in 1939 and "upon completion of tonnage on order and under construction the world fleet of tank-ships will be more than two and a half times its size at the outbreak of World War II."—United Press.

HONGKONG SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Stock Exchange this morning amounted to \$387,612.40. Noon quotations and the morning's transactions:

SHARES BUYERS SELLERS SALES

DANKS HK Bank 150 1000

INSURANCES 227

SHIPPING 1010

LAND, ETC. 700 1000

UTILITIES 230 1000

Electric 110 1000

Water 110 1000

Gas 110 1000

Telephone 110 1000

Post Office 110 1000

Bank of China 110 1000

Bank of Communications 110 1000

Bank of East Asia 110 1000

Bank of India 110 1000

Bank of Japan 110 1000

Bank of Korea 110 1000

Bank of London 110 1000

Bank of Mexico 110 1000

Bank of New York 110 1000

Bank of Paris 110 1000

Bank of Rome 110 1000

Bank of San Francisco 110 1000

Bank of Shanghai 110 1000

Bank of Singapore 110 1000

Bank of Soerabaya 110 1000

Bank of Swatow 110 1000

Bank of Tientsin 110 1000

Bank of Yokohama 110 1000

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PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards: "FELIX ROUSSEL" 1 July 10-11 July 10-11 July

"LA MARSEILLAISE" 1 July 10-11 July 10-11 July

"VIETNAM" 1 July 10-11 July 10-11 July

Homewards: "FELIX ROUSSEL" 25 July 25 Aug. 25 Aug.

"LA MARSEILLAISE" 4 August 21 Aug. 21 Aug.

"VIETNAM" 22 August 14 Sept. 14 Sept.

via Marseilles to all Mediterranean & West Africa ports, via Djibouti to Madagascar.

FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards: "SILVER SANDAL" Europe-Sailed 6 July 6 July

"MERONG" Europe-Sailed 23-24 July 23-24 July

"COURSEUILLES" Europe-Sailed 29 August 29 August

Homewards: "SILVER SANDAL" Keelung-2 August 4 August

"MERONG" Keelung-18 August 20 August

"COURSEUILLES" Keelung-1 October 3 October

† Saigon, Marseilles, Algiers, Oran, Tignes, Casablanca, Le Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Dunkirk.

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m.v. "HILDA MAERSK" In Port Buoy A-10

m.v. "CHASTINE MAERSK" July 17

m.v. "TRIN MAERSK" Aug. 2

ARRIVALS FROM U.S.A.

m.v. "HILDA MAERSK" July 14

m.v. "CHASTINE MAERSK" July 17

m.v. "TRIN MAERSK" Aug. 2

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EVERETT STAR LINE

Fast regular freight—refrigerator—passenger service to Korea, Japan, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Rangoon, Calcutta and Chittagong.

"BRADÉVERETT"

Arrives July 10 from Manila.

Sails July 17 for Singapore, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta.

"REBEVERETT"

Arrives July 26 from Singapore.

Sails July 27 for Kobe & Yokohama.

(Accepting cargo for transhipment Kobe/Pusan and Kobe/Okinawa)

EVERETT STAR LINE

Fast regular freight—refrigerator—passenger service to Korea, Japan, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports.

"LAO"

In Port Loading July 6 for Kobe, Osaka, Nagoya & Yokohama.

"THAI"

Arrives July 11 from Takao

Sails July 12 for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Madras, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi, Rangoon, Basrah & Bahrain.

(Accepting cargo for transhipment Kobe/Pusan and Kobe/Okinawa)

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BUSINESS REGULATION

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HONGKONG AND KOWLOON

TEN CENTS EACH

Cotton Prices In Karachi

Karachi, July 4.

Prices of raw cotton closed at week-end as follows:—

2-1/2 Punjab Roller Gin 370.100

2-1/2 S. S. Roller Gin 370.100

2-1/2 N. T. S. Roller Gin 370.100

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GEORGE KENT & CO., LTD.
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CHINA MAIL

SHEAFFERS
Skip

Page 10 MONDAY, JULY 6, 1953.

JOHN CLARKE'S CASEBOOK

Sunny Morning

IT was one of those mornings when the weather remembered what the time of year was. The sun, though it had not been long in the sky, had heat in it already, giving London sparrows illusions of grandeur that made them try to sing like larks; and brightening London buildings until they looked as though someone had been over them all with a mop-and-pail during the night.

The streets were mostly deserted but down one, sleek cars occasionally purred, taking the sun, though it had not been long in the sky, had heat in it already, giving London sparrows illusions of grandeur that made them try to sing like larks; and brightening London buildings until they looked as though someone had been over them all with a mop-and-pail during the night.

The girls in the cars had too much to talk about or were too sleepy to look about them at the familiar street as they were whisked through it.

FAST ASLEEP

SO probably not one of them, not Diana or Prudence, or Sally or Su, saw Marjorie, a girl of about their own age, who lay fast asleep in a doorway, warmed by the morning sun.

A policeman presently turned into the street. He saw Marjorie. He went to the doorway where she lay, stooped and shook her into life.

"Now then," he said, "what you doing here?" "Sleeping," said Marjorie, who wished she still were.

"Well, you can't sleep here, I'm afraid," said the officer. "Come along now, you'll have to move."

WOULDN'T BUDGE

TALKING, he noticed the neat coat Marjorie wore, and that her finger-nails had been carefully looked after. She seemed quite different from the usual type of girl who sleeps rough.

"What's your name?" he asked. "Where do you come from?" But Marjorie would give him no answers, and she would not budge from the doorway, so the policeman had to arrest her.

"Late that morning," Marjorie was brought into the dock at Bow Street, where she pleaded guilty to the charge against her of wandering abroad and lodging in the open air.

"Had she any money on her?" asked Mr. Blundell, the magistrate. The policeman in the witness-box consulted his notebook.

"Yes, sir," he said, "she had £1 15s, and some cigarettes, some matches, and a lipstick. She said that her other belongings were at home."

"This girl's mother, sir," the officer went on, "died when she was three, her father when she was eight. She was brought up in a home, and then had various jobs as mother's help and under-nurse."

"She tells me she lost her last job through coming in late, and staying out all night."

The magistrate called in Miss Hamilton, the probation officer. "I've talked to this girl," Miss Hamilton said, "She can't tell me what she's been doing during the ten days since she lost her job, but she did try to tell me she hasn't slept since then."

SO NEAT

MR BLUNDELL asked Marjorie what she would like to say. "Nothing," she murmured. She is a slightly built 17-year-old, and she looked so neat still that she might just have dropped in to Bow Street on her way to some office job.

"Well, it's no good going on like this, sleeping rough, as they say," said the magistrate. He remanded Marjorie so that the doctors could see her.

She was shown from the court and to a cell. There she lay down and tried to catch up on her sleep, as many young girls in London were doing on that sunny morning.

'What's His Line?' Solution
PRESS AGENT
London Express Service

Attempt To Climb Himalayan Peak

Paris, July 5. A Franco-Indian alpinist team left Paris today by plane to try climbing for the first time the Nua Kun, a 7,135-metre peak in the Himalayan Mountains.

The team led by Bernard Pierre, a French alpinist and newspaperman, includes Dr Jean Guillemin and Mrs Claude Roger, the widow of a French alpinist.

In New Delhi, the three alpinists will meet Michel Desorbay, another French man who took supplies to India by boat.

They will team up with two Indian specialists, Air Force Lt. Nalini Jajal and transmission Capt. Jonevrey.

The well-known sherpa, Angarky, who went to Annapurna with the French expedition of Maurice Herzog, will be the chief of their five sherpas.

M. Pierre said the fact that Col. John Hunt's expedition managed to climb the Everest peak would not stop the alpinists from trying to climb a thousand other peaks of the Himalayan chain.

"I am particularly happy to be making an expedition along with Indians, as I believe that alpinism is one of the best means to bring together different men who have a common ideal," M. Pierre said.

M. Pierre made a Franco-American expedition to the 6,300-metre Sicaconty Peak in Peru last year and is considered one of France's top amateur climbers.

The Nua Kun has never been conquered although several expeditions have already tried it. The government not only gave its official blessing to the expedition but also asked to send along two Indian Army officers in order to train them in mountain climbing.—United Press.

More Priests Still Needed

London, July 5. Cardinal Griffin, Roman Catholic Archbishop of Westminster, said here today Britain had more priests than ever before, but we are greatly concerned that even with this number we are unable to provide adequately for the needs of our people.

Speaking at a public meeting in London, he asked: "Can it be that surrounded by materialist influences, young men and young women hang back because they feel unworthy to offer themselves to a dedicated life as priests and religious?"

Cardinal Griffin, who appealed to parents to place no obstacle in the way of their children, read a letter from the Pope which stated: "Mothers and fathers of families must not hesitate to turn the eyes of their children early towards the sanctuary, and they should make it clear, in the family circle, that no greater privilege or honour could come to them than to have a son called to stand at the altar."—Reuter.

More Arrests In Calcutta

Calcutta, July 5. Police arrested more than 200 people today for "picketing, throwing bombs and crackers, and non-payment of tram fares."

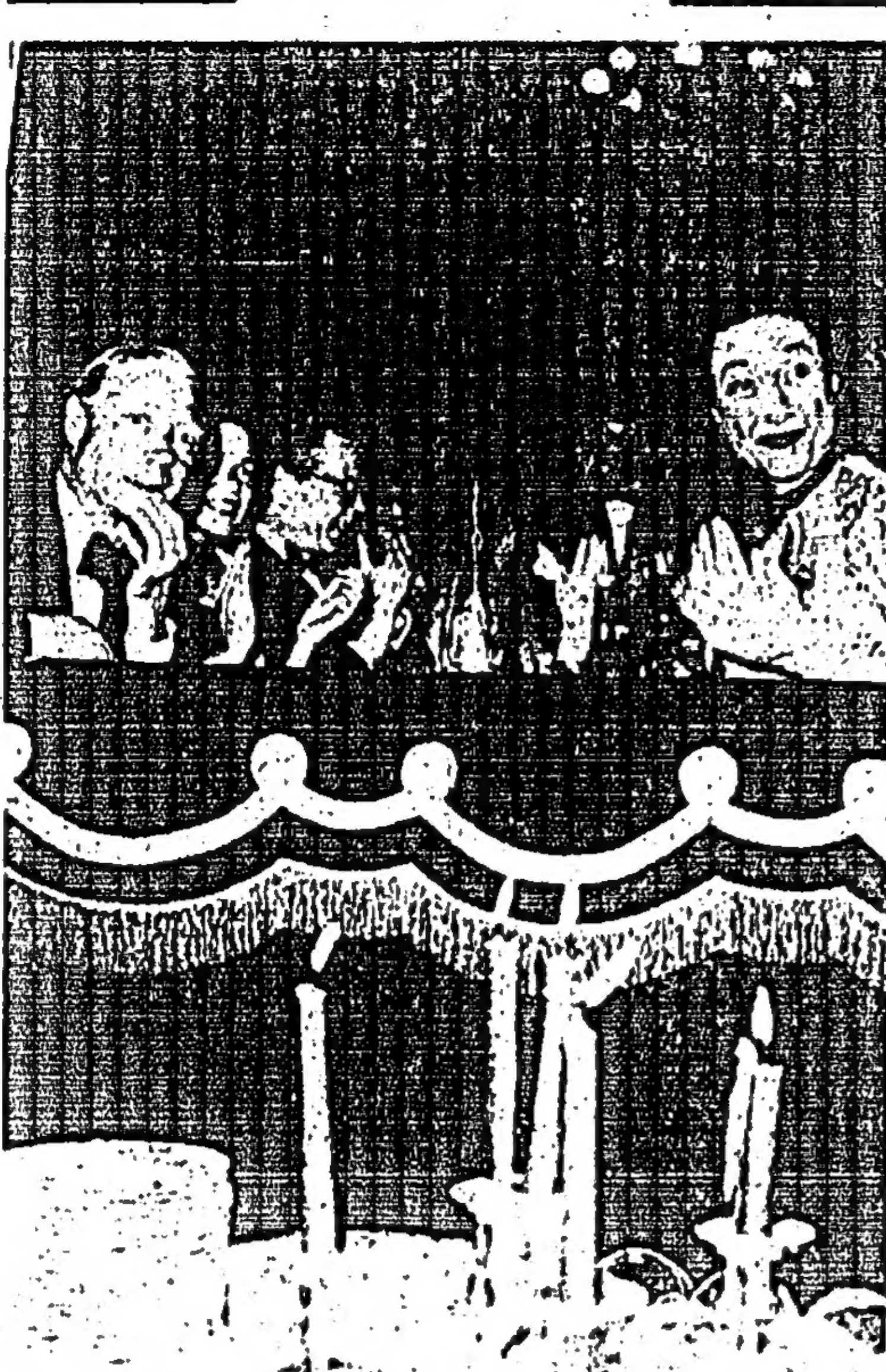
A few people were injured following demonstrations against increased fares on the British owned tramways.

Today, the fifth day of demonstrations, there was only a skeleton tram service running in Calcutta and its suburbs.

All trams were withdrawn by the evening. Yesterday more than 500 people, including three left wing members of the West Bengal Legislative Assembly, were arrested.

Six people were injured, some seriously, when police charged with lathis (long sticks) during yesterday's demonstration.—Reuter.

The Windsors At A Circus



In jovial mood, the Duke and Duchess of Windsor, at a circus show in Paris, organised by Society people for the benefit of needy children.—London Express.

APPEAL AGAINST SENNA SEEDS JUDGMENT

An appeal against the decision of Mr Justice T. J. Gould in awarding judgment in the sum of \$17,710 as damages for conversion of 322 bags of senna seeds to the Zung Fu Company, of 6 Queen's Road Central, on April 17, was brought before a Full Court of Appeal this morning.

The defendants in the original action were the Wo Loong Hing Godown Keepers, of 43 Des Voeux Road West.

The Full Court comprised Sir Gerard Howe, Chief Justice, and Mr Justice C. W. Reece, Puisne Judge.

Mr Brook A. Bernacchi appeared for the appellants—the former defendants—instructed by Mr P. D. d'Almada Remedios. Mr John McNeill, QC, and Mr Oswald Cheung, both instructed by Mr A. S. Rose, represented the respondents.

The senna seeds were originally stored in the defendants' godown in July, 1950, by another firm, the Victor Company. At the end of that month the plaintiffs loaned the Victor Company \$20,000 and received as security the godown warrant endorsed in blank by the Victor Company.

The plaintiffs claimed that the godown sold the bags on behalf of Victor Company without reference to them.

The defendants' explanation was that at the request of Victor Company, they had obtained a release of the goods from the Bank of China by guaranteeing payment of the Bank's bill of \$10,500 in respect of this, and when the Bank pressed for the money, the bags were sold.

In his judgment, Mr Justice Gould held that the plaintiffs did loan money to Victor Company, and that there was such a guarantee in respect of the Bank's bill.

ORIGINAL CLAIM
In opening his case, Mr Bernacchi said the claim was originally one of detinue and conversion of goods. The claim of detinue was abandoned at the trial, and the case proceeded solely on a claim for damages for conversion.

Counsel said that in the light of the evidence adduced and the findings of fact by the trial judge, one could not resist the comment that it might have been possible to have a claim for breach of contract in which different points might have arisen.

The whole fallacy of the principal points of the judgment, he went on, was the result of confusion between a breach of contract and an attornment of ownership.

KING CASE: THIS MORNING'S PROCEEDINGS

Shocking Abuse Of Criminal Prosecution, Says Counsel

"The dirtiest, shabbiest, most shocking example of abuse of Criminal Prosecution I have ever come across," said Mr M. A. da Silva during this morning's hearing of the case against James Joseph Osbourne King, Merchant, of 20 Braga Circuit, before Mr Poon Yan-hoi at Central Magistracy.

King is alleged to have fraudulently taken for the use of his wife, a sum of \$6,305.94 from G. Falconer and Company Ltd., in November 1950 while being in the position of a Director of the Company.

Mail Notices

The latest times of posting shown below are those for unregistered correspondence posted at G.P.O. Hongkong. The latest posting times elsewhere which, in general, are earlier than the G.P.O. times, can be ascertained by enquiry at the local office.

MONDAY, JULY 6
By Air
Philippines, N. Borneo, 6 p.m.
C.P.A.L.
Formosa, 6 p.m. H.K. Airways.
Siam, Malaya, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain & Europe, 6 p.m. C.P.A.L. B.O.A.C.
Japan, U.S.A. & Canada, 6 p.m. C.P.A.L.
By Surface
Macao, 9 a.m.; 6 p.m. = Lee Hong/Tak Shing.
Tientsin, 9 a.m. = Via Air.
Indo-China, France, French North & West Africa, 6 p.m. = Via Air.
Burma, 8 p.m. T.A.C.
Japan, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain and Europe, 6 p.m. B.O.A.C.
By Surface
Macao, 9 a.m.; 6 p.m. = Lee Hong/Tak Shing.
China, People's Republic, 6.30 a.m. train via Canton.
Ceylon, Aden, Middle East, Great Britain and Europe, 11 a.m. = Glenorchy.

TUESDAY, JULY 7
By Air
Indo-China (Tonkin only), 8 a.m. = Via Air.
Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, U.S.A., Canada, 6 a.m. P.A.L.
Indo-China, Malaya, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, 6 a.m. C.P.A.L.
Formosa, Japan, 6 p.m. C.A.T.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 8
By Air
Indo-China (Tonkin only), 8 a.m. = Via Air.
Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, U.S.A., Canada, 6 a.m. P.A.L.
Indo-China, Malaya, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, 6 a.m. C.P.A.L.
Formosa, Japan, 6 p.m. C.A.T.

FALSE PRETENCES CHARGES

Arraigned before Judge A. D. Blair-Kerr at Victoria District Court this morning, on a charge of attempting to obtain money by false pretences, Chau Wing Shing, alias Chau Chai, and Ngan Cheong-yin, alias Ngan Yee-shuk, were remanded on bail until Wednesday, July 15.

Defendants, who were alleged to have, on May 20 this year, attempted to obtain \$183 from Chen Ah-yuk and Lee Choy-ching alias Fui Fui, both pleaded not guilty. It was alleged that the first defendant pretended to be a police officer authorised to arrest Chen Ah-yuk and Lee Choy-ching, and that he promised them that, on payment of a certain sum of money, he would not exercise his authority.

First defendant, represented by Mr Francis H. B. Wong, solicitor, was bailed for \$500 cash and \$500 surety. Second defendant, represented by Mr H. Calne of Messrs Johnson, Stokes and Master, had his bail of \$1,000 renewed.

Cruelty To Child

A 38-year-old widow, Kwok Lok-ye, of 28 Old Street, was fined \$100 or one month by Mr T. Creedon at Kowloon this morning for acquiring custody of a 7-year-old child without a length of one-month imprisonment for cruelty to a ten-year-old girl.

The Police said that on July 3, defendant was seen by a neighbour, Teoi Kwai-fung, whipping the child with a length of rope, and beating her with a ruler and a cane. Teoi reported the matter to the Police, and defendant was arrested the next day.

The child, Ngau Wai-fan, who had been adopted by defendant eight years ago, was ordered by Mr Creedon to be placed in the Po Leung Kok.

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Japan, U.S.A. & Canada, 6 p.m. C.P.A.L.
By Surface
Macao, 9 a.m.; 6 p.m. = Lee Hong/Tak Shing.
Tientsin, 9 a.m. = Via Air.
Indo-China, France, French North & West Africa, 6 p.m. = Via Air.
Burma, 8 p.m. T.A.C.
Japan, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain and Europe, 6 p.m. B.O.A.C.
By Surface
Macao, 9 a.m.; 6 p.m. = Lee Hong/Tak Shing.
China, People's Republic, 6.30 a.m. train via Canton.
Ceylon, Aden, Middle East, Great Britain and Europe, 11 a.m. = Glenorchy.

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By Air
Indo-China (Tonkin only), 8 a.m. = Via Air.
Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, U.S.A., Canada, 6 a.m. P.A.L.
Indo-China, Malaya, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, 6 a.m. C.P.A.L.
Formosa, Japan, 6 p.m. C.A.T.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 8
By Air
Indo-China (Tonkin only), 8 a.m. = Via Air.
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OVERDOSE OF LYSOL

An unidentified Chinese woman about 45 years of age was found unconscious on the hillside off Lugard Road yesterday afternoon, with an empty Lysol bottle near her. The Emergency Unit was alerted, and a van sent out. On arrival at the Queen Mary Hospital, the woman was found to be dead.

This morning, after an autopsy had been performed on the body at the Victoria Public Mortuary, it was determined that death was due to an overdose of Lysol.

DISORDERLY CONDUCT

Two Russian seamen of the ss Wing Sang were fined \$25 or seven days each by Mr Hin-shing Lo at Central this morning for disorderly conduct.

The prosecuting officer said that the men, I.K. Veretinnikov, 32, anti-piracy guard, and George Podkoroff, 33, second officer, were fighting and behaving in a disorderly manner early this morning in Queen's Road, Central, near Duddell Street.

Mail Notices

The latest times of posting shown below are those for unregistered correspondence posted at G.P.O. Hongkong. The latest posting times elsewhere which, in general, are earlier than the G.P.O. times, can be ascertained by enquiry at the local office.

MONDAY, JULY 6
By Air
Philippines, N. Borneo, 6 p.m.
C.P.A.L.
Formosa, 6 p.m. H.K. Airways.
Siam, Malaya, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain & Europe, 6 p.m. C.P.A.L. B.O.A.C.
Japan, U.S.A. & Canada, 6 p.m. C.P.A.L.
By Surface
Macao, 9 a.m.; 6 p.m. = Lee Hong/Tak Shing.
Tientsin, 9 a.m. = Via Air.
Indo-China, France, French North & West Africa, 6 p.m. = Via Air.
Burma, 8 p.m. T.A.C.
Japan, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain and Europe, 6 p.m. B.O.A.C.
By Surface
Macao, 9 a.m.; 6 p.m. = Lee Hong/Tak Shing.
China, People's Republic, 6.30 a.m. train via Canton.
Ceylon, Aden, Middle East, Great Britain and Europe, 11 a.m. = Glenorchy.

TUESDAY, JULY 7
By Air
Indo-China (Tonkin only), 8 a.m. = Via Air.
Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, U.S.A., Canada, 6 a.m. P.A.L.
Indo-China, Malaya, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, 6 a.m. C.P.A.L.
Formosa, Japan, 6 p.m. C.A.T.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 8
By Air
Indo-China (Tonkin only), 8 a.m. = Via Air.
Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, U.S.A., Canada, 6 a.m. P.A.L.
Indo-China, Malaya, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, 6 a.m. C.P.A.L.
Formosa, Japan, 6 p.m. C.A.T.

FALSE PRETENCES CHARGES

Arraigned before Judge A. D. Blair-Kerr at Victoria District Court this morning, on a charge of attempting to obtain money by false pretences, Chau Wing Shing, alias Chau Chai, and Ngan Cheong-yin, alias Ngan Yee-shuk, were remanded on bail until Wednesday, July 15.

Defendants, who were alleged to have, on May 20 this year, attempted to obtain \$183 from Chen Ah-yuk and Lee Choy-ching alias Fui Fui, both pleaded not guilty. It was alleged that the first defendant pretended to be a police officer authorised to arrest Chen Ah-yuk and Lee Choy-ching, and that he promised them that, on payment of a certain sum of money, he would not exercise his authority.

First defendant, represented by Mr Francis H. B. Wong, solicitor, was bailed for \$500 cash and \$500 surety. Second defendant, represented by Mr H. Calne of Messrs Johnson, Stokes and Master, had his bail of \$1,000 renewed.

OVERDOSE OF LYSOL

An unidentified Chinese woman about 45 years of age was found unconscious on the hillside off Lugard Road yesterday afternoon, with an empty Lysol bottle near her. The Emergency Unit was alerted, and a van sent out. On arrival at the Queen Mary Hospital, the woman was found to be dead.

This morning, after an autopsy had been performed on the body at the Victoria Public Mortuary, it was determined that death was due to an overdose of Lysol.

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From the Files

100 Years Ago

PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency Sir Samuel George Bonham, Bart., K.C.B., Her Britannic Majesty's Plenipotentiary and Chief Superintendent of the Trade of British Subjects in China, &c., &c., &c.

Whereas it is understood that certain British Subjects have engaged themselves with Chinese, for warlike operations within the Empire and China, without the licence of Her Most Gracious Majesty Our Lady The Queen; And whereas, such engagements are not only contrary to the Convention Law of England, but are also punishable under the provisions of the Act of Parliament passed in the 60th year of George the Third, cap. 69; which Act also expressly forbids the fitting out, or aiding in the fitting out, within any part of Her Majesty's Dominions, of Ships or Vessels for any such operations:

Now, I the said Sir Samuel George Bonham do hereby apprise all Her Majesty's Subjects in China, of the illegality of such engagements and deeds as aforesaid; and, expressly calling the attention of British Subjects to the said Act of Parliament, do announce that the Penalties provided therein, shall be duly enforced according to Law.

God save the Queen.

S. G. BONHAM.
Given at Victoria, Hongkong, this 7th day of July, 1853.

JUNK FLUNDERED

On the 2nd July, a trading-junk on her passage to Hongkong and Canton, while in the Cap-say-moon, was boarded by a number of armed men from two pull-away boats, who plundered her of 83 live pigs, 38 bags of peas, 70 pounds of rice, 5 piculs rice, a quantity of cash, &c.,—total value \$700.

On Friday, a fisherman gave information to the police, that his boat, with him, his family, and crew on board, had been seized by pirates on 27th April, and detained until 29th June, when he and the greater portion of his people were landed at Sowkwan, but that his wife and child together with his boat were still detained by the pirates.

OTHERS INVOLVED

A Proclamation is now issued against British subjects engaging themselves to the Government of China against the Rebels for, as the British subject has joined the Rebels, it carries no other application. If our subjects have resolved to enforce the law fully and impartially, others besides those who have given their personal services to the Chinese Government, have also incurred the wrath of the Act.

The Act 58 Geo. 3, c. 69, referred to, provides that, "If any natural-born subject of the king enter into the service of any foreign state without the licence of His Majesty, or order of Council, it is a royal proclamation, or if any person within the dominion of Great Britain, hire, or attempt to hire, any person to enlist in the service of any foreign state, such person is guilty of a misdemeanour, punishable with fine or imprisonment, or both, at the discretion of the court. The officers of the customs are empowered, on information upon oath, to detain any vessel having persons on board destined for such foreign service. Masters of vessels, knowingly having on board persons so engaged, to forfeit £50 for each individual. Persons fitting out any vessel, without licence, are guilty of a high misdemeanour, and the ship and stores become forfeited. Even the assisting any foreign state with warlike stores, without licence, is declared a misdemeanour, punishable with fine and imprisonment."

Radio Hongkong

H.K.T.
6. Time Signal and Programme Summary.
7. Children's Hour. Host presented by Sally Ann (Studio).
8.30. The Songs of the South American Merry-go-round. 7.20. Educational (Studio). With Peter Brough and Archie Andrews. Report of last Thursday's Broadcast.
9.20. Western Report. 2. News Signal.
10. World News and News Talk (Lafayette). 11.10. Art of the West.
11.30. Variety Fantasia from the North of England (BBC7B).
12.10. Live from the North of England (BBC7B).
12.30. Conflict and Unification. 1.10. Confessions presented by Celia Hindson (Studio). 10. The Press Show (Recorded London Malay).
1.05. Weather Report. 11. Goodnight Music. 11.10. Goodnight Music. 11.10. Goodnight Music. 11.10. Goodnight Music.

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"These people are my husband's cousins, but let's treat them just as if they were important guests!"